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Authority **NND 983078**

REPUBLICA NG FILIPINAS
LALAWIGAN NG NUEVA VIZCAYA
BAYOMBONG
TANGGAPAN NG PUNONG LALAWIGAN

May 27, 1944

CIRCULAR LETTER:
TO ALL MUNICIPAL MAYORS
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA

All Municipal Mayors are hereby directed to carry out in their respective Municipalities the following emergency measures to maintain peace and food materials.

1. All people living in outlying sitios should be required to move to the nearest barrio bringing along with them all their valuables and food materials.
2. All homes must be provided with alarma gong in the form of empty cens, bells, frogs, bamboos or anything that makes noise to be sounded when lawless elements enter a barrio or town. Once a house sound an alarm, other houses must sound their alarms and any house failing to do so shall be reckoned as conniving with the bad elements and shall be subject to investigation.
3. All houses shall be provided with as many spears or bows and arrows as there are males from 18 to 60 years therein. These spears and arrows shall be used against bandits who may disturb the peace and order of the community. They shall also have a bottle containing a mixture of sand and powdered native pepper.
4. All shrubs, bushes, talahibs, etc. which could be used by the hiding elements along the road and rivers or around the vicinity of inhabited places should be cleared.
5. Matily heads should report immediately to their Presidents, the presence of people not known to be residents of the barrio. No safide visitors must also be reported within one hour from their arrival.
6. People are prohibited to roam around from one barrio to another. Persons not belonging to that barrio found in that barrio shall be apprehended for investigation.
7. Buying and selling any commodity or product in any place shall be prohibited except in the Public Market. However, farmers may send their products to the market for sale through their neighbors, but in no case shall it be sold, within the barrio to anybody living outside of the barrio.
8. All people must have their shirts placed under their trousers to avoid the concealing of weapons.
9. People must sell, before June 30, 1944, all their palay (Tagalog or Ilocano) to the CUBAI, leaving only for private consumption until the next harvest time, four cavans of Tagalog palay or 220 Kilos of Ilocano palay for each member of the family.

10. Night guards with bolos, spears or bows and arrows shall be in groups of not less than fifteen persons and shall patrol the entire area of the district. They shall always be moving and whistling to each other. Any crude whistle made of local material could be used.

11. Civilian patrol in big numbers led by armed Constabulary or Policemen should be organized to sweep nearby mountains and forests to locate and catch hiding elements.

12. Residents, leaders, Constabulary and Police patrols shall check from time to time the houses and cottages of people in all the barrios and districts.

13. People gathered in markets, cockpits or other places (churches exempted) should be searched and scrutinized to capture bad elements and hidden weapons. Such searches should be made as frequently and thoroughly as possible.

14. A vigorous campaign should be conducted against gambling of any kind.

15. Parties of any kind like wedding celebrations, dances, parties, etc. could not be held in any barrio or district without first securing a permit from the municipal mayor who shall keep a complete record of all permits granted to enable the police to check a bad element who might possibly attend such affairs.

16. The curfew hours must be observed rigidly.

17. Frequent community assemblies should be held to inculcate in the minds of the people the necessity of fighting the lawless elements, to convince them that this will cause necessary sacrifices and countless deaths on the part of the civilians. A strong public opinion, even bitter feeling against the subversive elements should be created in the minds of the people so that they stop giving moral and material support to the hiding elements.

18. Each inhabited house shall have at least one bakling cop.

19. Each district shall have at least one fast runner to ride on horseback to notify the nearest constabulary detachment about the presence of bandits.

20. The people should be advised again to surrender firearms or ammunition they may still have.

21. Whenever somebody calls at night, the occupants of the house shall not get down but instead shall beat their doors and all able bodied men shall go to the rescue.

22. All forces should be mobilized to execute and apply the above measures especially the mayors of districts, residents and local constabulary units. The district commander should see that the District President is apprised of these measures and organized them for the proper execution of these measures set forth above.

23. A close police watch should be made to see that all of the provisions of this circular are carried out and complied with. Weekly reports of the progress of the work done in carrying out this circular should be submitted to the office every night. The reports should be filed in the office every night.

REPORT OF THE THALIPINES
Province of Northern Visaya
Cebu

April 4, 1944

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM -

To: All Mayors, Northern Visaya

In accordance with the desire of the Honorable, the Provincial Governor, this province, and, as wished by the Imperial Japanese Authorities, the following information is hereby given confidentially for your guidance and advances:

An agreement was made to put on as ever was our province in absolute readiness to cope with whatever eventuality this emergency is pregnant of, and, by virtue hereof, the Southern comes under my special civil and police devices. This is but an administrative initiative designed to execute with vigil public policies affecting the lives and properties of the people in time of stress and adversity. The poor facilities and means of communication retarding the much-needed visits and close conferences and, the fact, that before and during the period of emergency, our Governor and I were and still are inseparably shouldering the responsibility of working together for the welfare of the people, have redound to this agreement. The Japanese Authorities found us that way during the period of occupation, and they endorsed the idea throughout our public career.

In view hereof, permit me to hope, with benignity, for your constant consultation, cooperation and adherence to all matters this period so demands of public service. Our spirit should be high in the realization of such ends in view. Politics, so-called leadership and objectives of whims and fancies should be sacrificed to public good. Everybody by now should be conscious of the fact that we are at the stage of tackling our ultimate problem of how to outlive this war. The fact that we have unwisely attained our Independence during the period of emergency implies our absolute responsibility to maintain our domestic peace and order. The rear-front-include is hanging overhead. Our Constabulary Organization is yet at the stage of attaining the years-long-discipline to be able to out-manuever effectively the organized bandits and other subversive elements. See into the civil populace if such hour strikes. Justice will be trampled down, and the lives and properties will be but objects of chance.

It is, therefore, our cardinal duty to unify ourselves, establish and iron administrative relations, and dedicate ourselves to the ultimate proposition to outlive this emergency. With our unity of action, indeed with firm resolution to meet whatever eventuality, will dispel any threat. We should be benefited by the civil determination of our Union who not only like fight and emerged victorious over and above the armed enemies. Our civilian cause has not any camp to surrender, because we are not a party to the armed clash. But, if the Delude finds it very suicidal to us, we are the greatest losers and sufferers, yet at the termination of the conflict, we are the ones to reconstruct the ravages of war. Hence, the means and ways to survive the perils should spring from our hearts and native genius. The system of our protection and defense should be in readiness before the zero-hour comes. Our people expect much from us for their protection. Our courage should equate with the needs of the time. Every angle of our preparedness should be beyond question. It is only then that our safety is conclusively established our homes, neighbors and properties enjoy domestic tranquility.

The fact that we constitute the southern part of entry into the Cebu Valley, the territory of which and internal defense and

wealth offer a good abode for retracted military hostility. prompt us to prepare differently from the rest of the province. should be absolutely discarded. I say with emphasis that any false step taken will incur fatality. Hence, earnest consultation will guide us to proper, dependable and effective leadership. Southern prepared needs you to be Executives of the Hour.

CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
On Special Civil-Military Detail

COPY FURNISHED:

Hon. Provincial Governor
Mayors:

Aritao
Bagabag
Dupax
Sta. Fe
Kamata
Ricarte

PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
Municipality of Ricarte
Nueva Vizcaya

Office of the Mayor

June 23, 1943

To all District Presidents
Ricarte, Nueva Vizcaya

Sir:

It has been noted that for a quite long period no report on banditry has been received in this office from the district presidents of the neighborhood associations of this municipality.

In view of the above it is hereby requested that reports on banditry in your respective districts be submitted to this Office as soon as possible.

In cooperation with the present government hereof patrols should be sent out over your jurisdiction before submitting the reports required herein.

Very respectfully,

(Sgd) EMILIO WALSHING
Municipal Mayor

For Kayapa and Alupat

A TRUE COPY:

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PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
MUNICIPALITY OF RICARTE

Office of the Mayor

March 19, 1943

Sir :

I have the honor to inform you that one leader and several volunteer guards of the Neighborhood Association of Maado went to Labang, Natbang, Naasiacan and Pinyag for the purpose of making census and to concentrate the people thereat, collect taxes, etc. The above-cited sitios are under the jurisdiction of Maado.

According to the information furnished by the leader of Maado to the undersigned, the inhabitants of said sitios of Natbang, Naasiacan, and Pinyag are very hostile, even during the past regime (American civil government and Commonwealth). They are not law-abiding citizens because they flatly refuse to pay their residence taxes, pay cattle registration, giving as their reason the fact that they are not under the jurisdiction of Pingkian but a part of Ifugao or elsewhere. This attitude is quite detrimental to the administration of this municipality inasmuch as they give bad example to the law-abiding and peaceful citizens of Pingkian who are willing to pay their taxes and other obligations to the government.

Because of the hostile act of these people, the undersigned is of the opinion and suspect that said places are hiding places and refuge of the bandits and that these people are the ones who probably furnish the subsistence of said bandits. This conclusion is made because of the strategic positions of the mountains in these sitios which in a way also includes the sitios of Bangto, Lit-lit cave; Macalaña, Sarbagol Mt., Bitunnao, and Pallas of the jurisdiction of Babang.

In view, therefore, of the foregoing facts, I respectfully request that an expedition be sent as soon as possible to make a general mopping up operation in order to search and arrest these people by checking their activities, and their personal standing with the government since 1901.

I also suggest that the expedition be divided into four groups or sectors as follows: one coming from La Torre; one from Bangto and Sto. Domingo thru Sarongol Mt., one from Manantam, Matuno River thru Macalaña and Lit-lit cave; and another one from Barat thru Pallas, Bitunnao to Salinas and Maado; thus encircling said sitios and to find out the real truth regarding the hostile act of these people thereby restoring peace and order in this community and ultimately stop the hostile attitude of the people in said place.

Enclosed herewith is a sketch map of the aforementioned places which are clearly indicated with red check marks.

Very respectfully,

EMILIO TORRENTE
Mayor

The Honorable
The Provincial Governor
Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya

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Authority NND 883076

PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
 PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
 MUNICIPALITY OF RICARDE

Office of the Mayor

March 19, 1943

Sir:

I have the honor to inform you that one leader and several volunteer guards of the Neighborhood Association of Maedo went to Labang, Matbang, Manisacan and Pidayag for the purpose of making census and to concentrate the people thereof, collect taxes, etc. The above-cited sitios are under the jurisdiction of Maedo.

According to the information furnished by the leader of Maedo to the undersigned, the inhabitants of said sitios of Matbang, Manisacan, and Pidayag are very hostile, even during the past regime (American civil government and Commonwealth). They are not law-abiding citizens because they flatly refuse to pay their residence taxes, pay cattle registration, giving as their reason the fact that they are not under the jurisdiction of Pinalian but a part of Ifugao or elsewhere. This attitude is quite detrimental to the administration of this municipality inasmuch as they give bad example to the law-abiding and peaceful citizens of Pinalian who are willing to pay their taxes and other obligations to the government.

Because of the hostile act of these people, the undersigned is of the opinion and suspect that said places are hiding places and refuge of the bandits and that these people are the ones who probably furnish the subsistence of said bandits. This conclusion is made because of the strategic positions of the mountains in these sitios which in a way also includes the sitios of Langto, Lit-lit cave, Macalanga, Sarbagol Mt., Bitannac, and Pallas of the jurisdiction of Matbang.

In view, therefore, of the foregoing facts, I respectfully request that an expedition be sent as soon as possible to make a general mopping up operation in order to search and arrest these people by checking their activities, and their personal standing with the government since 1901.

I also suggest that the expedition be divided into four groups or sectors as follows: one coming from La Torre; one from Langto and etc. Dozing thru Sarongol Mt., one from Manantan, Matuno River thru Macalanga and Lit-lit cave; and another one from Jarat thru Pallas, Bitannac to Malina and Maedo; thus encircling said sitios and to find out the real truth regarding the hostile act of these people thereby restoring peace and order in this community and ultimately stop the hostile attitude of the people in said place.

Enclosed herewith is a sketch map of the aforementioned places which are clearly indicated with red check marks.

Very respectfully,

EMILIO TOLENTINO
 Mayor

The Honorable
 The Provincial Governor
 Iloilo, Nueva Vizcaya

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DECLASSIFIED

Authority NNDS3078

MILITARY ADMINISTRATION NORTHERN LUZON BRANCH
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SECURITY
BAGUIO

JULY 14 1943

Reference No. - 160

Subject - Notification Concerning the
Sending of Posters for Stability of
Popular Sentiment Upon the Restora-
tion of Peace and Order.

Sir:

The conditions of peace and order within the jurisdiction of Northern Luzon is progressing day by day with the efforts exerted by every Officer and the reports of continuous surrenders are a cause of congratulation for you.

However, there are still movements of ex-USARF members and their activities of false propaganda and unfounded rumors may influence the ignorant people to create disorder. These kinds of ex-USARF members' activities will cause the innocent people to sink into the mire. These kinds of disturbances are hateful activities which hinder the establishment of the New Philippines and are not even penitible by an angel.

These, however, are in extremely small numbers, but some of the leading citizens are disregarding the actual state of affairs, thinking uselessly of the mistaken dress of the past. Moreover, some communicate with bandits, activities which are most regretful as they throw into the darkness wishes and demands of the general public for the establishment of peace and order.

You must, therefore, render your thoughts into these points to exterminate those who are helping bandits as you have been doing in the past and at the same time, place yourself in the battle front against them so as to render more efforts for the welfare of the people.

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OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
MALACANAN PALACE

BY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
PROCLAMATION NO. 7

CALLING UPON FILIPINOS TO SURRENDER ON OR AFTER JANUARY 23, 1943,
THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE
COMMISSION; ALL FIREARMS; AMMUNITIONS, AND EXPLOSIVES.

Whereas, on February 19, 1942, the Headquarters of the Imperial Japanese Forces called for the surrender of all firearms, ammunitions, and explosives, in obedience to which and in the interest of peace and order, many persons surrendered firearms, ammunitions, and explosives;

Whereas, it has come to the notice of the Japanese Military Administration and the Philippine Executive Commission that there are still some persons concealing firearms, ammunitions, and explosives who would like to surrender them now but are afraid to do so for fear that the Japanese Military authorities will punish them for failure to surrender them before;

Whereas, the Imperial Japanese Forces have demonstrated to the Filipinos by the magnanimity of their acts that they are the friends of the Filipino people and that they are exerting every effort to promote the happiness and welfare of the people of the Philippines;

Whereas, we have pledged complete cooperation with, and loyalty to, Japan in order that the Philippines may be worthy of a place in the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere;

Whereas, the act of concealing firearms, ammunitions, and explosives is inconsistent with our pledge of cooperation and loyalty and is an obstacle to the speedy establishment of peace and order in the Philippines since they may fall into the hands of lawless elements who are looking for such firearms, ammunitions, and explosives; and

Whereas, January 23, 1943, marks the first anniversary of the organization of the Philippine Executive Commission and of the beginning of complete and harmonious cooperation between the peoples of Japan and the Philippines;

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the authority conferred upon me as Head of the Central Administrative Organization by Order No. 1 of the Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Japanese Forces in the Philippines, and in accordance with the instructions contained in

17 January 43
28 Jan 43

Political Information No. 19, dated January 17, 1943, of the Director General of the Japanese Military Administration, I hereby call upon the Filipinos still concealing or possessing firearms, ammunitions, and explosives to surrender the same on January 23, 1943, or as soon as possible thereafter, to the Imperial Japanese Forces, to the Japanese Military Police, to any Branch Office of the Japanese Military Administration, or to any officer of the Bureau of Constabulary, who upon receipt of such surrendered firearms, ammunitions, and explosives shall immediately turn them over to the Imperial Japanese Forces.

The fear of some people that they may be punished for not having surrendered the said firearms, ammunitions, and explosives, in accordance with the above-mentioned requirement of the Japanese Military Administration of February 19, 1942, is unfounded because the Director General of the Japanese Military Administration has assured the Chairman of the Executive Commission in Political Information No. 19 that such people will not be punished when they surrender their firearms, ammunitions, and explosives in accordance with this Proclamation. By voluntarily surrendering such firearms, ammunitions, and explosives, they would be demonstrating their sincere cooperation towards the establishment of peace and order in the Philippines aside from doing one of their duties as good citizens. The Japanese Military authorities, in devoting all their efforts towards the early establishment of peace and order, desire that all obstacles to the construction of a New Philippines be removed. They have shown to the Filipino people, by their magnanimous acts, that their sincerity is above suspicion and beyond doubt, and the people of the Philippines should fully reciprocate such magnanimity by responding promptly to this appeal.

Done in the City of Manila, Philippines, this 23rd day of January, 1943.

(SGD) JORGE B. VARGAS
Chairman of the Executive Commission

APPROVED by the
Director General of the
Japanese Military Administration
on January 26, 1943

S. O. R. Y.

3-17-43

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WHEREAS, the aims of rejuvenation are to enhance the rebirth of spirit of the ex-servicemen for our new Philippines and to promote their domestic welfare;

WHEREAS, their cardinal problem is the question of wears and tears - the men are without clothings and shoes;

WHEREAS, the Federation of Retailers can equally help effectively in the solution of their problems; and

WHEREAS, there is blue denim cloth for distribution for policemen being handled by the retailers, this province.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises, it was -

RESOLVED THAT, preference be given to members of the unit of Capt. L. U. Rosario, now actually doing pacification campaign, this province; they having been rendering services longer than any other policemen and even Mayors of the province, and the fact that they are in dire need of uniforms;

RESOLVED FURTHER, that copies of this resolution be furnished the Manager of the Federation of Retailers, the Hon. Provincial Governor, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya, Managers of municipal retailers, this province, the Office of the Military Police, Office of the Provincial Treasurer, Office of the Provincial Auditor, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya, and Office of Municipal Mayors, this province.

Lamé, Dupax, Nueva Vizcaya, June 5, 1944.

I hereby certify to the correctness of the above-quoted resolution.

(SGD). HILARIO V. BULLEGER
Actg. Secretary
Pacification Campaign
Southern Vizcaya, N.V.

ATTESTED AND APPROVED:

(SGD) CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
On Special Civil-Military Detail

REPUBLIKA NG PILIPINAS
LALAWIGAN NG NUEVA VIZCAYA
BAYAMBONG
Tanggapan ng Punong Balawigan

June 28, 1944

Sirs:

Reports have been received in this office that patrols of the Constabulary and police forces in the different municipalities have been undertaking inspections of houses when lights have long been put out and during unholy hours of the night and when everyone is already at rest or sleeping. In order to avoid undue fear and excitement on the part of the people caused by surprised house inspection during late hours, all Municipal Mayors are requested to avoid as much as possible the inspection of houses during the quiet hours of the night and when lights have already been put out. ~~Inspection~~ Inspection should be done when the members of the household are still awake or during the early part of the night. Only in special and emergency cases or when there is strong evidence of the presence of suspicious persons, should patrols during unholy hours be allowed to enter a house for inspection. Aside from this, all members of patrols must be advised to exercise sound judgment and due courtesy while going on inspection.

Strict compliance to this instruction is hereby enjoined.

Very respectfully,

(Sgd) BENIGNO QUILINO
Provincial Governor

To all Municipal Mayors
Province of Nueva Vizcaya

Copy furnished:
The Senior Inspector, PC,
Bayambong, Nueva Vizcaya/
ecg/ja

Copy For:
The Senior Inspector, PC, Bayambong, N. V.

REPUBLIKA NG PILIPINAS
LALAWIGAN NG NUENA VIZGAYA
BAYOMBONG
Tanggapan ng Punong Lalawigan

July 19, 1944

S i r s :

In view of the reduction of the Municipal Police forces, you are hereby directed to require every District President within your respective jurisdiction to send a messenger to the Municipal Building everyday. The messenger shall bring along with him a wooden badge, sample of which is shown herein below. The daily messenger shall bring all the reports from the District President to the municipality and shall go back to his district bringing along with him all the written orders and verbal instructions of the Mayor and other officials to the District President concerned. Daily reports of district messengers shall be accomplished in accordance with prescribed forms No. 1 and No. 2, sent herewith. Form shall be accomplished in duplicate to be on file with the office of the Municipal Mayor and Chief of Police ready for inspection all the time. Form 2 shall be carried by the district messenger along with the wooden badge and should be signed by the Municipal Secretary everyday.

Strict compliance with this circular will enable the Mayor to have a constant contact with District Presidents. Besides the daily messengers, special runners should be sent by District Presidents to render rush reports especially those in connection with any disturbance of peace and order or appearance of subversive elements within the jurisdiction of each District President.

Very respectfully,

(SGD) DEMETRIO QUINIO
Provincial Governor

Municipality of _____ District No. _____
O (Hole)
_____ District President (Actual size)

DECLASSIFIED

Authority NNN833078

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
Municipality of Dupax

April 6th, 1944

MEMORANDUM TO:

All Municipal Hoko Supervisors
Southern District, Nueva Vizcaya

It is suggested that an order be promulgated to all District Associations in your respective jurisdictions, prohibiting absolutely the acceptance of visitors to stay with anybody or any house, whether close relatives or friends, until otherwise revoked. This is true to any sex. This is an emergency precautionary measure designed to thwart the entry of untoward influences from without, and anybody found violating such an order will be dealt with severely.

(SGD) CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
An Special Civil-Military Detail

All Mun. Hoko Supervisors:

Aritao	
Dupax	
Sta. Fe	Thru Municipal Mayors
Ricarte	Southern District
Kanata	Nueva Vizcaya

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

May 27, 1944

CIRCULAR LETTER:
TO ALL MUNICIPAL MAYORS
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA

All Municipal Mayors are hereby directed to carry out in their respective Municipalities the following emergency measures to maintain peace and food materials.

1. All people living in outlying sitios should be required to move to the nearest barrio bringing along with them all their valuables and food materials.
2. All homes must be provided with alarm gong in the form of empty cans, bells, frons, bamboos or anything that makes noise to be sounded when lawless elements enter a barrio or town. Once a house sound an alarm, other houses must sound their alarms and any house failing to do so shall be reckoned as conniving with the bad elements and shall be subject to investigation.
3. All houses shall be provided with as many spears or bows and arrows as there are males from 18 to 60 years therein. These spears and arrows shall be used against bandits who may disturb the peace and order of the community. They shall also have a bottle containing a mixture of sand and powdered native pepper.
4. All shrubs, bushes, talahibs, etc. which could be used by the hiding elements along the road and rivers or around the vicinity of inhabited places should be cleared.
5. Family heads should report immediately to their Presidents, the presence of people not known to be residents of the barrio. No safe visitors must also be reported within one hour from their arrival.
6. People are prohibited to roam around from one barrio to another. Persons not belonging to that barrio found in that barrio shall be apprehended for investigation.
7. Buying and selling any commodity or product in any place shall be prohibited except in the Public Market. However, farmers may send their products to the market for sale through their neighbors, but in no case shall it be sold, within the barrio to anybody living outside of the barrio.
8. All people must have their shirts placed under their trousers to avoid the concealing of weapons.
9. People must sell, before June 30, 1944, all their palay (Tagalog or Ilocano) to the COMRA, leaving only for private consumption until the next harvest time, four cavans of Tagalog palay or 220 Kilos of Ilocano palay for each member of the family.

10. Night guards with bolos, spears or bows and arrows shall be in groups of not less than fifteen persons and shall patrol the entire area of the district. They shall always be moving and whistling to each other. Any crude whistle made of local material could be used.
11. Civilian patrol in big numbers led by armed Constabulary or Policemen should be organized to scout nearby mountains and forests to locate and catch hiding elements.
12. Presidents, leaders, Constabulary and Police patrols shall check from time to time the houses and cedulas of people in all the barrios and districts.
13. People gathered in markets, cockpits or other places (churches exempted) should be searched and scrutinized to capture bad elements and hidden weapons. Such searches should be made as frequently and thoroughly as possible.
14. A vigorous campaign should be conducted against gambling of any kind.
15. Parties of any kind like wedding celebrations, dances, parties, etc. could not be held in any barrio or district without first securing a permit from the Municipal Mayor who shall keep a complete record of all permits granted to enable the police to check up bad elements who might possibly attend such affairs.
16. The curfew hours must be observed rigidly.
17. Frequent community assemblies should be held to inculcate in the minds of the people the necessity of fighting the lawless elements, no compromise with them will cause necessary sufferings and numerous deaths on the part of the civilians. A strong public opinion, even bitter feeling against the subversive elements should be created in the minds of the people so that they stop giving moral and material support to the hiding elements.
18. Each inhabited house shall have at least one barking dog.
19. Each district shall have always ready fast runners to ride on horseback to notify the nearest constabulary detachment about the presence of bandits.
20. The people should be advised again to surrender firearms or ammunition they may still have.
21. Whenever somebody calls at night, the occupants of the house shall not get down but instead shall beat their cottages all able bodied men shall go to the rescue.
22. All forces should be mobilized to execute and carry the above measures especially the meeting of District Presidents and neighborhood leaders should be held upon receipt hereof and each District President to appraise them and organize them for the proper execution of these measures set forth above.
23. A close follow-up should be made to see that all of the provisions of this circular are carried out and complied with thoroughly. A weekly report of the progress of the work done in conducting with this circular should be submitted to this Office every Friday. The report should touch of the different elements

(AB) 2-10-48
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REPORT OF THE PHILIPPINES
Province of Nueva Vizcaya
MAGAZINE

April 4, 1944

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM -
To: All Mayors, Southern Vizcaya

In accordance with the desire of the Honorable, the Provincial Governor, this province, and, as wished by the Imperial Japanese Authorities, the following information is hereby given confidentially for your guidance and advantage:

An agreement was made to put on as ever was our province in absolute readiness to cope with whatever eventuality this emergency is pregnant of, and, by virtue hereof, the Southern comes under my special civil and police devices. This is but an administrative initiative designed to execute with vigil public policies affecting the lives and properties of the people in time of stress and adversity. The poor facilities and means of communication retarding the much-needed visits and close conferences and, the fact, that before and during the period of emergency, our Governor and I were and still are inseparably shouldering the responsibility of working together for the welfare of the people, have redound to this agreement. The Japanese Authorities found us that way during the period of occupation, and they endorsed the idea throughout our public career.

In view hereof, permit me to hope, with benignity, for your constant consultation, cooperation and adherence to all matters this period so demands of public service. Our spirit should be high in the realization of such ends in view. Politics, so-called leadership and objectives of whims and fancies should be sacrificed to public good. Everybody by now should be conscious of the fact that we are at the stage of tackling our ultimate problem of how to outlive this war. The fact that we have unwisely attained our Independence during the period of emergency implies our absolute responsibility to maintain our domestic peace and order. The rear-front-chaos is hanging overhead. Our Constabulary Organization is yet on the stage of attaining the years-sought-discipline to be able to out-manuever effectively the organized bandits and other subversive elements. See into the civil populace is such hour strikes. Justice will be trampled down, and the lives and properties will be but objects of chaos.

It is, therefore, our cardinal duty to unify ourselves, establish and iron administrative relation, and dedicate ourselves to the ultimate proposition to outlive this emergency. With our unity of action, indeed with firm resolution to meet whatever eventuality, will dispel any threat. We should be benefited by the civil demoralization of our Union who not only His fight and emerged victorious over and above His armed encision. Our civilian cause has not any comp to surrender, because we are not a party to the armed clash. But, if the delude finds its way amidst us, we are the greatest losers and sufferers, yet at the termination of the conflict, we are the ones to reconstruct the ravages of war. Hence, the means and ways to survive the perils should spring from our hearts and native genius. The system of our protection and defense should be in readiness before the zero-hour comes. Our people expect much from us for their protection. Our courage should equate with the needs of the time. Every angle of our preparedness should be beyond question. It is only then that our safety is conclusively established our homes, neighbors and properties enjoy domestic tranquility.

The fact that we constitute the southern part of entry into the Carayan Valley, the terrain of which and natural defense and

wealth offer a good abode for retracted military hostilities. prompt us to prepare differently from the rest of the province, should be absolutely discarded. I say with emphasis that any false step taken will incur fatality. Hence, earnest consultation will guide us to proper, dependable and effective leadership. Southern prepared needs you to be Executives of the Hour.

CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
On Special Civil-Military Detail

COPY FURNISHED:

Hon. Provincial Governor
Mayors:

Aritao
Bagabag
Dupax
Sta. Fe
Kamata
Ricarte

PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
Municipality of Ricarte
Nueva Vizcaya

Office of the Mayor

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 883076

June 23, 1943

To all District Presidents
Ricarte, Nueva Vizcaya

Sir:

It has been noted that for a quite long period no report on banditry has been received in this office from the district presidents of the neighborhood associations of this municipality.

In view of the above it is hereby requested that reports on banditry in your respective districts be submitted to this Office as soon as possible.

In cooperation with the present government hereof patrols should be sent out over your jurisdiction before submitting the reports required herein.

Very respectfully,

(Sgd) EMILIO POLIVINO
Municipal Mayor

For Kayapa and Alupat

A TRUE COPY:

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PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
MUNICIPALITY OF RICARTE

DECLASSIFIED

Authority NND 883076

Office of the Mayor

March 19, 1943

Sir:

I have the honor to inform you that one leader and several volunteer guards of the Neighborhood Association of Maedo went to Labang, Natbang, Maasiacan and Pinyag for the purpose of making census and to concentrate the people thereat, collect taxes, etc. The above-cited sitios are under the jurisdiction of Maedo.

According to the information furnished by the leader of Maedo to the undersigned, the inhabitants of said sitios of Natbang, Maasiacan, and Pinyag are very hostile, even during the past regime (American civil government and Commonwealth). They are not law-abiding citizens because they flatly refuse to pay their residence taxes, pay cattle registration, giving as their reason the fact that they are not under the jurisdiction of Pingkian but a part of Ifugao or elsewhere. This attitude is quite detrimental to the administration of this municipality inasmuch as they give bad example to the law-abiding and peaceful citizens of Pingkian who are willing to pay their taxes and other obligations to the government.

Because of the hostile act of these people, the undersigned is of the opinion and suspect that said places are hiding places and refuge of the bandits and that these people are the ones who probably furnish the subsistence of said bandits. This conclusion is made because of the strategic positions of the mountains in these sitios which in a way also includes the sitios of Bangto, Lit-lit cave; Macalanga, Sarbagol Mt., Bitanac, and Pallas of the jurisdiction of Babang.

In view, therefore, of the foregoing facts, I respectfully request that an expedition be sent as soon as possible to make a general mopping up operation in order to search and arrest these people by checking their activities, and their personal standing with the government since 1901.

I also suggest that the expedition be divided into four groups or sectors as follows: one coming from La Torre; one from Bangto and Sto. Domingo thru Serongol Mt., one from Manamtan, Matuno River thru Macalanga and Lit-lit cave; and another one from Barat thru Pallas, Bitanac to Salinas and Maedo; thus encircling said sitios and to find out the real truth regarding the hostile act of these people thereby restoring peace and order in this community and ultimately stop the hostile attitude of the people in said place.

Enclosed herewith is a sketch map of the aforementioned places which are clearly indicated with red check marks.

Very respectfully,

EMILIO TOLENTINO
Mayor

The Honorable
The Provincial Governor
Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya

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PHILIPPINE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
MUNICIPALITY OF RICARME

DECLASSIFIED
Authority: NND 833078

Office of the Mayor

March 19, 1943

Sir:

I have the honor to inform you that one leader and several volunteer guards of the Neighborhood Association of Maedo went to Labang, Nabang, Manciacan and Picaayag for the purpose of making census and to concentrate the people thereat, collect taxes, etc. The above-cited sitios are under the jurisdiction of Maedo.

According to the information furnished by the leader of Maedo to the undersigned, the inhabitants of said sitios of Nabang, Manciacan, and Picaayag are very hostile, even during the past regime (American civil government and Commonwealth). They are not law-abiding citizens because they flatly refuse to pay their residence taxes, pay cattle registration, giving as their reason the fact that they are not under the jurisdiction of Pingkian but a part of Ifugao or elsewhere. This attitude is quite detrimental to the administration of this municipality inasmuch as they give bad example to the law-abiding and peaceful citizens of Pingkian who are willing to pay their taxes and other obligations to the government.

Because of the hostile act of these people, the undersigned is of the opinion and suspect that said places are hiding places and refuge of the bandits and that these people are the ones who probably furnish the subsistence of said bandits. This conclusion is made because of the strategic positions of the mountains in these sitios which in a way also includes the sitios of Bangto, Lit-lit cave; Macalainga, Sarbagol Mt., Bitanac, and Pallas of the jurisdiction of Sabang.

In view, therefore, of the foregoing facts, I respectfully request that an expedition be sent as soon as possible to make a general mopping up operation in order to search and arrest these people by checking their activities, and their personal standing with the government since 1901.

I also suggest that the expedition be divided into four groups or sectors as follows: one coming from La Torre; one from Bangto and Sto. Domingo thru Sarongol Mt., one from Manantan, Natuno River thru Macalainga and Lit-lit cave; and another one from Jarat thru Pallas, Bitanac to Salinas and Maedo; thus encircling said sitios and to find out the real truth regarding the hostile act of these people thereby restoring peace and order in this community and ultimately stop the hostile attitude of the people in said place.

Enclosed herewith is a sketch map of the aforementioned places which are clearly indicated with red check marks.

Very respectfully,

EMILIO TOLENTINO
Mayor

The Honorable
The Provincial Governor
Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya

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MILITARY ADMINISTRATION NORTHERN LUZON BRANCH
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SECURITY
BAGUIO

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 883078

JULY 14, 1943

Reference No. - 100
Subject - Notification Concerning the
Sending of Posters for Stability of
Popular Sentiment Upon the Restora-
tion of Peace and Order.

S i r:

The conditions of peace and order within the jurisdiction of Northern Luzon is progressing day by day with the efforts exerted by every Officer and the reports of continuous surrenders are a cause of congratulation for you.

However, there are still movements of ex-USARF members and their activities of false propaganda and unfounded rumors may influence the ignorant people to create disorder. These kinds of ex-USARF members' activities will cause the innocent people to sink into the mire. These kinds of disturbances are hateful activities which hinder the establishment of the New Philippines and are not even permissible by an angel.

These, however, are in extremely small numbers, but some of the leading citizens are disregarding the actual state of affairs, thinking uselessly of the mistaken dream of the past. Moreover, some communicate with bandits, activities which are most regretful as they throw into the darkness wishes and demands of the general public for the establishment of peace and order.

You must, therefore, render your thoughts into these points to exterminate those who are helping bandits as you have been doing in the past and at the same time, place yourself in the battle front against them so as to render more efforts for the welfare of the people.

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It is believed that there are still many arms supposed to be hidden and possessed by certain persons in some places, but they are too few to take the trouble of searching their hiding places or to make them surrender voluntarily.

Therefore, distribute wisely the posters which are being sent and at the same time, I hope that you will direct and keep these important points in mind.

Distribution Table of Posters

Distributed To:	Posters for 'Collecting arms'		Posters for stability of People's sentiment in Demand and Supply of Commodities	
	English	Ilocano	English	Ilocano
Army Camps	300	300	300	300
Mil. Police Stat.	100	100	100	100
Eastern Agency	30	30	30	30
Western Agency	30	30	30	30
Gov. of Cagayan	120	200	130	220
" " Isabela	80	150	100	150
" " N. Vizcaya	100	120	80	100
" " Mt. Provs.	40	120	40	60
" " I. Norte	200	120	130	100
" " I. Sur	150	80	130	70
" " Abra	100	100	100	60
" " La Union	200	100	200	100
" " Bag. Cons.	50	50	80	60
TOTAL	1500	1500	1500	1500

REMARKS: (1) Posters for and the outskirts of the City of Baguio are to be posted by the Baguio Constabulary.
 (2) The posters are to be sent to the Provincial Governor but the Constabulary must help in their distribution.

MAJOR GENERAL SYUITI NAGASAKI

BY: _____

COPY FURNISHED:
 City Mayor, Baguio
 Senior Inspector, BC.

A TRUE COPY:

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OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
MALACANAN PALACE

BY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMISSION
PROCLAMATION NO. 7

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 833076

CALLING UPON FILIPINOS TO SURRENDER ON OR AFTER JANUARY 23, 1943,
THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PHILIPPINE EXECU-
TIVE COMMISSION; ALL FIREARMS; AMMUNITIONS, AND EXPLOSIVES.

1942/14
Whereas, on February 19, 1942, the Headquarters of the Imperial
Japanese Forces called for the surrender of all firearms, ammuni-
tions, and explosives, in obedience to which and in the interest
of peace and order, many persons surrendered firearms, ammunitions,
and explosives;

Whereas, it has come to the notice of the Japanese Military
Administration and the Philippine Executive Commission that there
are still some persons concealing firearms, ammunitions, and ex-
plosives who would like to surrender them now but are afraid to do
so for fear that the Japanese Military authorities will punish
them for failure to surrender them before;

Whereas, the Imperial Japanese Forces have demonstrated to
the Filipinos by the magnanimity of their acts that they are the
friends of the Filipino people and that they are exerting every
effort to promote the happiness and welfare of the people of the
Filipinos;

Whereas, we have pledged complete cooperation with, and
loyalty to, Japan in order that the Philippines may be worthy of
a place in the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere;

Whereas, the act of concealing firearms, ammunitions, and
explosives is inconsistent with our pledge of cooperation and
loyalty and is an obstacle to the speedy establishment of peace
and order in the Philippines since they may fall into the hands of
lawless elements who are looking for such firearms, ammunitions,
and explosives; and

Whereas, January 23, 1943, marks the first anniversary of the
organization of the Philippine Executive Commission and of the
beginning of complete and harmonious cooperation between the
peoples of Japan and the Philippines;

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the authority conferred upon me as
Head of the Central Administrative Organization by Order No. 1
of the Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Japanese Forces in the
Philippines, and in accordance with the instructions contained in

17 January 43
25 Jan 43

Political Information No. 19, dated January 17, 1943, of the Director General of the Japanese Military Administration, I hereby call upon the Filipinos still concealing or possessing firearms, ammunitions, and explosives to surrender the same on January 23, 1943, or as soon as possible thereafter, to the Imperial Japanese Forces, to the Japanese Military Police, to any Branch Office of the Japanese Military Administration, or to any officer of the Bureau of Constabulary, who upon receipt of such surrendered fire arms, ammunitions, and explosives shall immediately turn them over to the Imperial Japanese Forces.

The fear of some people that they may be punished for not having surrendered the said firearms, ammunitions, and explosives, in accordance with the above-mentioned requirement of the Japanese Military Administration of February 19, 1942, is unfounded because the Director General of the Japanese Military Administration has assured the Chairman of the Executive Commission in Political Information No. 19 that such people will not be punished when they surrender their firearms, ammunitions, and explosives in accordance with this Proclamation. By voluntarily surrendering such firearms, ammunitions, and explosives, they would be demonstrating their sincere cooperation towards the establishment of peace and order in the Philippines aside from doing one of their duties as good citizens. The Japanese Military authorities, in devoting all their efforts towards the early establishment of peace and order, desire that all obstacles to the construction of a New Philippines be removed. They have shown to the Filipino people, by their magnanimous acts, that their sincerity is above suspicion and beyond doubt, and the people of the Philippines should fully reciprocate such magnanimity by responding promptly to this appeal.

Done in the City of Manila, Philippines, this 23rd day of January, 1943.

(SGD) JORGE B. VARGAS
Chairman of the Executive Commission

APPROVED by the
Director General of the
Japanese Military Administration
on January 26, 1943

S O D Y

ca-
3-17-43

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WHEREAS, the aims of rejuvenation are to enhance the rebirth of spirit of the ex-servicemen for our new Philippines and to promote their domestic welfare;

WHEREAS, their cardinal problem is the question of wears and tears - the men are without clothings and and shoes;

WHEREAS, the Federation of Retailers can equally help effectively in the solution of their problems; and

WHEREAS, there is blue denim cloth for distribution for policemen being handled by the retailers, this province.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises, it was -

RESOLVED THAT, preference be given to members of the unit of Capt. L. U. Rosario, now actually doing pacification campaign, this province; they having been rendering services longer than any other policemen and even Mayors of the province, and the fact that they are in dire need of uniforms;

RESOLVED FURTHER, that copies of this resolution be furnished the Manager of the Federation of Retailers, the Hon. Provincial Governor, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya, Managers of municipal retailers, this province, the Office of the Military Police, Office of the Provincial Treasurer, Office of the Provincial Auditor, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya, and Office of Municipal Mayors, this province.

Lamé, Dupax, Nueva Vizcaya, June 5, 1944.

I hereby certify to the correctness of the above-quoted resolution.

(SGD). HILARIO V. BULLEGER
Actg. Secretary
Pacification Campaign
Southern Vizcaya, N.V.

ATTESTED AND APPROVED:

(SGD) CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
On Special Civil-Military Detail

REPUBLIKA NG PILIPINAS
LALAWIGAN NG NUENA VIZCAYA
BAYOMBONG
Tanggapan ng Punong Balawigan

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 833076

June 28, 1944

S i r s :

Reports have been received in this office that patrols of the Constabulary and police forces in the different municipalities have been undertaking inspections of houses when lights have long been put out and during unholy hours of the night and when everyone is already at rest or sleeping. In order to avoid undue fear and excitement on the part of the people caused by surprised house inspection during late hours, all Municipal Mayors are requested to avoid as much as possible the inspection of houses during the quiet hours of the night and when lights have already been put out. ~~Inspection~~ Inspection should be done when the members of the household are still awake or during the early part of the night. Only in special and emergency cases or when there is strong evidence of the presence of suspicious persons, should patrols during unholy hours be allowed to enter a house for inspection. Aside from this, all members of patrols must be advised to exercise sound judgment and due courtesy while going on inspection.

Strict compliance to this instruction is hereby enjoined.

Very respectfully,

(SOD) DEMETRIO QUININO
Provincial Governor

To all Municipal Mayors
Province of Nueva Vizcaya

Copy furnished:
The Senior Inspector, PC,
Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya/
esg/ja

Copy For:
The Senior Inspector, PC, Bayombong, N. V.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

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REPUBLIKA NG PILIPINAS
 LALAWIGAN NG NUOVA VIZCAYA
 BAYOMBONG
 Tanggapan ng Punong Lalawigan

July 19, 1944

S i r s :

In view of the reduction of the Municipal Police forces, you are hereby directed to require every District President within your respective jurisdiction to send a messenger to the Municipal Building everyday. The messenger shall bring along with him a wooden badge, sample of which is shown herein below. The daily messenger shall bring all the reports from the District President to the municipality and shall go back to his district bringing along with him all the written orders and verbal instructions of the Mayor and other officials to the District President concerned. Daily reports of district messengers shall be accomplished in accordance with prescribed forms No. 1 and No.2, sent herewith. Form shall be accomplished in duplicate to be on file with the office of the Municipal Mayor and Chief of Police ready for inspection all the time. Form 2 shall be carried by the district messenger along with the wooden badge and should be signed by the Municipal Secretary everyday.

Strict compliance with this circular will enable the Mayor to have a constant contact with District Presidents. Besides the daily messengers, special runners should be sent by District Presidents to render rush reports especially those in connection with any disturbance of peace and order or appearance of subversive elements within the jurisdiction of each District President.

Very respectfully,

(SGD) DEMETRIO QUIRINO
 Provincial Governor

Municipality of _____ District No. _____ O (Hole) _____ District President (Actual size)

To all Municipal Mayors,
 Province of Nueva Vizcaya

Copy furnished: The Senior Inspector, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya

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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
PROVINCE OF NUEVA VIZCAYA
Municipality of Dupax

April 6th, 1944

MEMORANDUM TO:
All Municipal Hoko Supervisors
Southern District, Nueva Vizcaya

It is suggested that an order be promulgated to all District Associations in your respective jurisdictions, prohibiting absolutely the acceptance of visitors to stay with anybody or any house, whether close relatives or friends, until otherwise revoked. This is true to any sex. This is an emergency precautionary measure designed to thwart the entry of untoward influences from without, and anybody found violating such an order will be dealt with severely.

(SGD) CAPT. L. U. ROSARIO
An Special Civil-Military Detail

All Mun. Hoko Supervisors:
Aritao
Dupax
Sta. Fe Thru Municipal Mayors
Riarte Southern District
Kanata Nueva Vizcaya

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 833078

CO. "E" 163TH SQUADRON
Intelligence Section
(Attached to 37th Cav. Rcn. Troop Mechanized)
in the Field

2 September 1945

SUBJECT: Submission of Puppet's Gov't Correspondence, Orders,
Procedures, and Speeches against USAFFE and Guerrillas.

TO : Commanding Officer
CIC Det. 32nd Division
A P O 32

Sir:

1. I have the honor to submit the Puppet's Filipino Employees; Circulars, Communications, Instruction, Orders and Procedures to irradicate, capture remnants (so-called) USAFFE, Guerrillas, Bandits and Hiding Elements.

2. This correspondence was snatched by the undersign for reference and records re this COLLABORATORS within the Province of Nueva Vizcaya. This persons signed the Circulars that appeared in the Blacklist submitted in that HQS.

3. The undersign and inhabitants, further certify that the Circulars and Orders issued were strictly enforced to the inhabitants of the province, executed by MP's, BC, Pro-Japs, and the Subersive Agents with the Imperial Army, which causes severe maltreatment of innocent persons, captured of some remnants USAFFE or Guerrillas and killings, specially in mountains and remote barrios.

Respectfully submitted by:


CASTILLO M. TIBANG
2nd Lt. Inf. PA

478

Co "K" 168th Squadron
Intelligence Section
(Attached to 37th Inf. Division)
In the Field

1 September 1945

SUBJECT: Submission of Puppet Gov't., Orders, Speeches, and Correspondence against USAFFE, and GUERRILLAS.

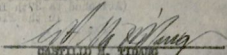
TO : Commanding Officer
CIC Detachment 32nd Division
A P O 32

1. I am hereby submitting the Puppet Correspondence kept by the underlain during Japanese Administration for records and references re the activities of Filipino Collaborators:

1. Cir. Ltrs by Gov. Quirino-Irradiation, USAFFE and Guerrillas and orders to all inhabitants.....	21 May 44
2. Memorandum by Lt. Rosario: Pacification.....	2 June 44
3. Letter to all Hiding Elements.....	1 Jan 44
4. Orders:- Collection of arms.....	11 Mar 44
5. Subject Guerrillas' Surrender.....	8 Mar 43
6. Registers of Former USAFFE.....	19 July 43
7. Release Orders.....	29 July 43
8. Missing persons.....	23 May 43
9. USAFFE Registration.....	6 Sept 43
10. Police Registration of firearms.....	3 May 43
11. Memo. - Lt. B. Vitiu BC (Bambo).....	30 Dec 43
12. Bamboo Brigade.....	5 Jan 43
13. Registration of Radios.....	28 Jan 44
14. Administrative Order No. 1.....	19 Jan 43
15. Order.....	11 Aug 43
16. Sub Cir. No. 3 Paying Homage.....	1 May 43
17. Order.....	18 Mar 43
18. Orders.....	29 Apr 43
19. Registration of Visitors.....	13 June 44
20. Sub-Japanese Limit Employment.....	8 May 43
21. Orders.....	11 Apr 44
22. Report every 15 days.....	16 Mar 44
23. Memorandum.....	13 Jan 44
24. Letters to Gov. Quirino of Lt. Col. Enriquez..	3 Jan 43
25. Lt. Col. Enriquez' letter to Quirino & Lt. Rosario	14 Nov 43
26. Governor's answer to Col. Enriquez.....	7 Jan 43
27. Reports on Bandits.....	5 Feb 43
28. Governor's Orders to Mayor Tolentino.....	19 Jan 43
29. Memorandum.....	13 Apr 43
30. Empire Day.....	9 Feb 43
31. Reports Orders.....	9 Jan 43
32. Orders Campaign, surrender and capture of firearms and explosives.....	2 Jan 43
33. Permit of firearms from M. P.....	2 Dec 42
34. Governor Command to Mayor E. Tolentino.....	3 Feb 43
35. Submission monthly Report of Bandits.....	1 June 43
36. Gen. Arsenio Ricarte to use his name in the Municipality of Pingkian and Kayapa, Nueva Vizcaya..	3 Feb 43
37. Memo., Campaign and Surrender of USAFFE.....	6 Apr 43
38. Memo. to Mayors.....	80 Apr 43
39. Surrendering USAFFE.....	7 Apr 43
40. Submitting Report on banditry.....	21 Dec 43
41. Propaganda (Ilocano).....	

The above correspondence, circulars, orders, speeches, against USAFFE and Guerrillas is made and signed by Governor Quirino of Nueva Vizcaya.

Respectfully submitted by:


CASTILLO M. VIDANO
Enl. Lt. Infantry PA

CO. "E" 163TH SQUADRON
Intelligence Section
(Attached to 37th Infantry Div.)
In the Field

2 September 1945

SUBJECT: Submission on Puppet BC procedures, Orders and
speeches irradiation of USAFFE and Guerrillas.

TO : Commanding Officer
CIC Det. 32nd Division
A P O 32

1. Procedure of Prov. Treasurer C. Balderama to all inhabitants of Nueva Vizcaya, cooperation in fighting USAFFE and Guerrillas.....	20 July 43
2. Orders firearms	10 Nov 43
3. Amnesty Proclamation.....	19 Jan 44
4. List of Hiding Elements.....	1 Feb 44
5. Propaganda (Ilocano) surrender of arms....	7 Dec 43
6. Report on newcomers.....	18 Dec 43
7. Report on missing persons.....	17 Jan 44
8. Apprehending Capt. Manalo.....	16 May 43

The orders and Procedure were strictly executed of the Puppet Government.

Respectfully submitted by:

Castillo M. Tidang
CASTILLO M. TIDANG
2nd Lt. Inf. PA

DECLASSIFIED

Authority NND 933078

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CO. "E" 163TH SQUADRON
Intelligence Section
(Attached to 37th Inf. Division)
In the Field

1 September 1945

SUBJECT: Submission Tolentino's Orders and procedures as
Puppet Gov't. against USAFFE and Guerrillas.


TO : Commanding Officer
CIS Det. 32nd Division
A P O 32

I hereby submit the puppet Employee correspondence
with regard to Banditry and USAFFE, for reference and records:

1. Report on Banditry - Diata, President..... 28 June 43
2. Report on patrols and kidnapped..... 23 Feb 43
3. Mayor Tolentino's Hostility to Governor..... 19 Mar 43
4. Complaints on report not act 8 May 43
5. Report on patrols..... 31 Jan 43
6. Report on patrols for Col. Enriquez..... 21 Jan 43
10. Reports on patrols..... 31 Jan 43
11. Orders and report on banditry..... 5 Apr 43
12. Report on Bandits..... 10 Mar 43
13. Rosario's with his patrols..... 17 May 43

I hereby certify that the above procedures, orders,
speeches were enforced to the inhabitants of the municipality
during the administration of same.

Respectfully submitted: by:


CASTILLO E. TIBONG
2nd Lt. Inf. P.A.

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HEADQUARTERS
North Luzon Intelligence Section
Luzon Guerrilla Forces
in the field

31 August 1943

SUBJECT: Report

TO : Asa't. Chief
NL., Intelligence Section
Luzon Guerrilla of Luzon
in the field

DECLASSIFIED
Authority **NND 933078**

1. On August 28, '43 a Company with (1) Squad BC commanded by Capt. Saito and Sgt., Benjamin Albano, BC of Nueva Vizcaya arrived on the evening at Kayapa Proper, NV., from Pangasinan bringing with them prisoners. On that night Lt. Morimoto ~~was~~ contacted Saito and Albano received information that people of Kayapa are connivers to the USAFFE, and the undersigned was the first apprehended by (4) Policemen of Aritao in the house where I slept, they were armed with rifles which I knew their name Ruperto Bassig and Antonio with their two companions and brought me in my house where the Japanese station and maltreated the undersigned, ~~as~~ suspected Guerrilla Lieutenant, keeping arms, giving supplies to USAFFE, sending runners, receipting supplies and Agent of USAFFE. Sgt. Maricawa and Ruperto Bassig are the very instrumental who maltreated the undersigned and the civilians on that night compelling us to confess whereabouts USAFFE or Guerrilla or to surrender arms, but the investigation were negative, although ~~we~~ were severely tortured by boxing, beating, drinking water women and men.

2. August 29, 1943 the undersigned, brother, and almost population of Kayapa were again taken under the company of Capt. Saito with BC who gathered all civilians in the sitios and conducted investigation on that same date, by Captain Saito and Sgt. Benjamin Albano. They condemned the US Government that it will not exist and will never returned in the islands, and asked the people to cooperate in irradicating the remaining USAFFE. Sgt., Albano declared to the public that they all caught the Americans hiding, one is Lt. Langley with his men were captured by them in Imaagan 13th of August '43 and went down to Pangasinan tortured several Civilians.

3. When nobody confessed to them where about USAFFE or GUERRILLA the undersigned was the first tied with the (2) District Presidents and Sgt., Albano showed me the list of Blacklist, stating that the undersigned is No. 1 collaborators to USAFFE as enumerated above and when the crimes was not admitted, Albano ordered his men and brought the undersigned in the brook, emerged several time into the water and investigated at interval when they put me out of water by Sgt., Albano with (6) BC and one Japs boxing the undersigned, kicking, compelling me to confess and when I can't reveal anything Sgt. Albano ordered his men to choked me until death, then I painted twice inside water that I confess anything except to ask mercy to "Lord better shot me than to suffer". Later I heard Capt. Saito ordered his men to carry me to imprisoned me in the small hut and guarded by BC.

4. The next man emerged in the Water was WAKER GOMOY of Salacsa, Pangasinan by Sgt. Albano with others BC and Japs. Gomoy was shouting and crying inside water asking Albano to save his life and he will confess and later I heard him no more. Later Gomoy was brought in the hut where I was imprisoned which the two Japs were trying to revived him but dead, later Albano came to me the dead man laying stating that I will be like that later. Gomoy ~~several~~ ^{tortured} time on their way and revealed some civilians possessing arms in Kayapa due sever maltreatment. Gomoy was buried by his brother eve of Aug. 29 '43.

4. (B) Squad BC with Japs under the leadership of Sgt. Albano and Captain Saito continued maltreatment, atrocities of all civilians taken custody, which I know most of them maltreated by Albano and

erely tortured by the BC and enemy which cause some the civilian submit some homemade shot guns which is unserviceable. The so-called Natives or Igorots have pledged their allegiance to ~~him~~ to the Democratic Government and die for the cause without revealing any-military mission of the USAFFE or Guerrilla activities.

5. Two days successive atrocity to civilians who were innocent and people punished inhuman with out due cause and suffered the different exhibition of maltreatment by the Filipino BC with the enemy under the command of Notorious Benjamin Albano and Captain Seito, during the August 28, 29, 1943, as follows: Beating, Boxing, chocking in water, hanging by neck, by fingers, hanging and burning persons alive, inserting piece of stick inside pinial of men which the undersigned one of the victim by the name Belgara of Kayapa, N. Vizcaya which is the acts done by Sgt., Albano and other Filipino BC and abuses and killing persons inhumanly. The patrol left Kayapa August 31, 1943.

6. The inhabitants of this part of country ^{are praying} to see Benjamin Albano when ~~time~~ time comes and are ready to testify events enumerated above.

7. Hoping for the favorable action of the above.

N. J. T.
N V-1
Provincial Inspector
[Signature]

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