



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority E.O. 13526

- (1) HQ Philippine Division
- (2) 43rd Infantry (PS)
- (3) 45th " "
- (4) 57th " "
- (5) 23rd PA BN
- (6) 24th " "
- (7) 86th " "
- (8) 88th " "
- (9) 12th Signal Regt (PS)
- (10) 14th Engineers (PS)
- (11) 12th BN Regt (PS)
- (12) 96th CA (PS)

PHILIPPINE DIVISION

(\* NUMBER IN PARENTS COMMAND)

- (1) HQ Philippine Department
- (2) 31st Infantry, USA \*
- (3) 59th CA, USA \*
- (4) 60th CA, USA \*
- (5) 21st AAA, USA
- (6) 200th CA, USA
- (7) 91st CA, PS
- (8) 26th CA, PS
- (9) 92nd CA, PS
- (10) 192nd Tank BN, USA
- (11) 194th Tank BN, USA

PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT

1. The following list of American units, in addition to the Philippine Army units, composed the USARP:

TO : Director, HRC, PHILIPPINE  
 ATTENTION: Capt G I Woodson  
 C. PALAO

SUBJECT: USARP

7 August 1947

HEADQUARTERS AREA OF THE PHILIPPINES  
 Camp Murphy, Quezon City  
 Office AO of S, G-2

DECLASSIFIED  
 Authority: E.O. 13526

- 2 -

FAR EAST AIR FORCE

- (1) 5th INTERSECTOR COMMAND  
24th Pursuit Group of:  
3 Squadrons at Nichols Field  
1 Squadron at Iba, Subalos  
1 Squadron at Clark Field
- (2) 5th RESEMBLEMENT COMBAND which was basically the  
19th RESEMBLEMENT GROUP  
3 Squadrons at Clark Field  
2 Squadrons at Mindanao  
803rd Aviation Engineers  
Air Corps Ordnance  
2nd Observation Squadron
- (3) 27th RESEMBLEMENT GROUP at Clark Field, later  
transferred to LaI Minto, Mindanao.

MISCELLANEOUS UNITS

- \* (1) 4th US Marine
- (2) Chemical Warfare Troops
- (3) 65th QM Pack Train
- (4) Provisional Naval Bn - Taken and organized from  
the 16th Naval District.
- (5) Provisional Air Corps Regiment - Taken and orga-  
nized from the Air Corps personnel  
and pilots.
- (6) Misc Air Corps Ground Unit
- (7) Crews of the USS Mary Anne, Penny, Canopus, Fish-  
eries II and PT-35 which were organized for com-  
bat purposes.

(\* HARBOR DEFENSE COMMAND)

FOR THE AG OF S, G-2

/s/ ISRAEL D. LAPUZ  
Ex O, G-2 Div

ACS: oon



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority EMD 00000072

(To be attached to list appended to "Notes on Philippine Army" now in the hands of all adjusting and reviewing personnel)

121ST INFANTRY REGIMENT

Commander: Colonel HOBAN

Training Area: Mountain Province

Combat Service: Mobilized in the Mountain Province on April 10, 1942 upon receipt of letter of authority to organize from General Palmright. Disposed of to harass Japanese units operating in the Mountain Province during the enemy occupation. Responsible for the liberation of several towns in the Mountain Province and Cagayan.

Component Units

(Finally became part of the USFIP, ML)

<u>Designation</u>	<u>Mobilized at</u>	<u>Mobilized On</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1st Bn	Southern part of Mt Province	12 Apr 42	
2nd Bn	Angaki, Mt Prov.	12 Apr 42	
3rd Bn	Laganilang	12 Apr 42	
HQ & SV Co.	Kalinga, Mt Prov.	12 Apr 42	

88th FIELD ARTILLERY (FG)

(Mobilized under Philippine Division)

201ST PROVISIONAL CO

(No records available)

202ND ANTI-TANK

(No records available)

OFFICIAL:

19 August 1947

/s/ C. E. BARBERO  
/c/ C. E. BARBERO  
Major, FA  
Chief, Hist. Div

NOTE:

Persons who claim induction into this organization on and after 7 May 1942 must be recognized in USFIP, ML, i. e., name must appear on the recognized guerrilla roster.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AFDSS 3075

Check Sheet  
HEADQUARTERS PHILEYCOB  
AG-Recovered Personnel Division JHG/uro

Do not remove from attached sheets

FILE NO. OGRPP

Subject:

FROM: Chief, Rk Branch

TO: Director

DATE: 21 May 47

Request approval of the attached DCS USAFFE Memoranda Nos 1D through 27C. These three policies deviate from those of Living Claims Section, explanatory note is attached.

1 Incl: As stated.

/s/ J. R. G.

/s/ J. R. G.

(2) FROM: Director.

TO: Chief, Rk Branch

28 May 1947

Approved.

/s/ M. H. H.

/s/ M. H. H.

(3) FROM: CHIEF, Rk Branch

TO: Lt Esen

29 May 1947

For necessary action.

Incl: n/s

/s/ J. R. G.

/s/ J. R. G.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

/s/ Agapito S. Abalos

/s/ AGAPITO S. ABALOS

Captain, Infantry

OIC, Control Sub-Sec, DCS, Rk Br

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority NND883071

HEADQUARTERS  
WILSON'S BUNKER COMMAND  
REVISED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIMS SECTION, 74 BRANCH  
APO 707

D-

OSCM 201 -

\_\_\_\_\_ 1948

CERTIFICATE

1. I certify that I have carefully examined this claim, and while identification evidence is technically deficient in one or more respects, from the evidence on file and from my personal experience as a member of the USAPPE as well as my personal experience as a member of RFD, I am morally certain that subject individual was a member of the USAPPE.

2. I further certify that the above-named deceased soldier, and those herein claimant or claimants are not related or known to me; or if related or known to me, the circumstances thereof are set forth over my signature.

\_\_\_\_\_  
REVISOR

\_\_\_\_\_  
REVISOR

NOTES ON THE PHILIPPINE ARMY  
1941 - 1942

1. The Tyding - McDuffie Act, passed by the Congress of the United States in 1935, provided for the establishment of the Commonwealth of the Philippines as a government for the Philippine Islands under certain measures of United States control until 4 July 1946, on which date the Philippines were to become completely independent. This Act provided that the President of the United States might call into the service of the armed forces of the United States in the Philippines all military forces organized by the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

2. Commonwealth Act No. 1, 21 December 1935, the first legislative action by the new Commonwealth, known as the "National Defense Act" provided for the establishment of a Philippine Army, to consist of a Regular Force and a Reserve Force. All male citizens were obligated for military service. A system of calling young men for military training at the age of 21 was prescribed.

3. Organization of the Philippine Army, under the National Defense Act, was immediately begun. Major General Douglas MacArthur, and a staff of United States Army Officers, were detailed as a Military Mission to the Commonwealth. Officers of the Philippine Constabulary, which had been in existence as a military national police force for some 30 years and now became essentially a branch of the Philippine Army, provided a nucleus for a corps of officers. A small Regular Army was organized and trained, initially largely under the supervision of United States Army instructor personnel. This Regular Army constituted essentially an agency for the training of the Reserve Force. Troop units were constituted at reduced strengths, with trainees attached for training as reservists. Training cadre units, for training reservists, were organized and stationed at various camps throughout the islands.

4. The Philippine Commonwealth was organized, for military purposes into 10 military districts, of approximately equal population. Functions were comparable to the present day areas of the continental United States. The general areas of the military districts were as follows:

- 1st MD - Northern Luzon
- 2nd MD - North Central Luzon
- 3rd MD - Central Luzon north of Manila
- 4th MD - South central Luzon including Manila; Mindoro and Palawan
- 5th MD - Bicol peninsula of Luzon, and Masbate
- 6th MD - Panay and Negros Is.
- 7th MD - Negros and Siquijor Is.
- 8th MD - Cebu and Bohol
- 9th MD - Leyte and Samar
- 10th MD - Mindanao and Sulu archipelago

5. A plan for the organization of 30 Infantry Divisions of the

Reserve Force, as well as certain Coast Guard Artillery regiment and other non-divisional units, was adopted, with personnel to be trained and assigned and equipment available by 1948.

5. By January, 1947, instructors had been trained and training camps constructed and the first group of about 10,000 trainees was called for 5 and 1/2 months of training. Infantry and machine gun trainees were trained at cadre camps throughout the Philippines. Field Artillery trainees were concentrated at Camp Del Pilar (originally Camp Don) near Fort Stotsenburg, on Luzon. Trainees of certain other branches were trained at a special camp on the Fort William McKinley reservation. On completion of the 5 and 1/2 months, about 15 percent were selected for an additional 5 and 1/2 months of training to be non-commissioned officers. Certain of this personnel, plus individuals selected from other sources, attended Officer Candidate Schools. Senior ROTC units in colleges and universities were established as an additional source of reserve officers.

7. Beginning with 1937, approximately 35,000 men annually received trainee instruction and became reservists on completion thereof. By the early part of 1941, personnel had been trained and assigned to the First Infantry Division of each Military District and some personnel had been assigned to the subsequent divisions.

8. On 26 July, 1941, the President of the United States, under the provisions of the Tydings-McDuffie Act, issued an Executive Order calling all military forces organized by the Commonwealth of the Philippines into the service of the Armed Forces of the United States in the Philippines, at such times as General MacArthur (who was at the same time designated as commander in chief of the United States Army Forces in the Far East) might direct. Units of the Philippine Army were not made a part of the United States, but retained their status as Philippine Army, under the command of the Commanding General, United States Army Forces in the Far East, or of commanders designated by him.

9. The Philippine Army Air Corps was called on 15 August 1941 and was accepted for service at an "induction" ceremony on that date.

10. Orders were issued by Headquarters, United States Army Forces in the Far East, from time to time calling other elements of the Philippine Army into the service of the United States Forces. Under such calls, Headquarters, Philippine Army, issued mobilization orders directing reservists to report to their assigned mobilization stations. Headquarters, Philippine Department (U. S. Army) provided officers and enlisted men of the United States Army (including Philippine Scouts) to induct these units and to act as instructors. The general basis was at least two such officers per battalion and at least one NCO per company. On 1 September, one complete infantry regiment of each of the 10 organized reserve divisions was inducted. In addition to these regiments, cadres consisting of all officers; all sergeants, clerks and cooks and all NCO's radio and telegraph operators of communications units were called for training on the same date.

11. Until facilities in divisional training areas could be constructed

units were trained in existing Philippine Army training camps. As facilities were provided in divisional training areas, completely mobilized units were moved to such areas and additional units were mobilized and moved to the training areas.

12. On the outbreak of the War, the mobilization was not yet complete, the last units having been called for 15 December, 1941. The mobilization date for all remaining units was at once set as "immediately".

13. Philippine Army Infantry Division, Reserve, had a triangular organization somewhat similar to that of the United States Army, but with smaller units; the division strength was about 2,000; strength of company units was in most cases about 100 untrained men. Complete equipment, except transportation was already on hand in unit mobilization center warehouses. Infantry weapons consisted of the United States M1 rifle and Browning automatic rifle, and caliber .30 and .50 machine guns, and 3-inch Stokes mortars. Field Artillery units were only partly equipped with weapons. One battalion (2 batteries) of each regiment had 2.95-inch oak howitzers; the other battalions had 3-inch mortars and caliber .50 machine guns. There were under way to equip all batteries with 3-inch guns, but these were not yet available. Transportation was provided, to a limited extent, by administrative vehicles at Philippine Army training camps and by vehicles which began to arrive from the United States. This was supplemented by hired commercial buses, with civilian drivers. Many of these drivers accompanied units into combat and remained with them throughout.

14. In addition to the 1st Corps, and that 10 Reserve Division, certain Coast Artillery Corps units were mobilized and some non-divisional service units were called before the outbreak of war or organized from available personnel thereafter. The 1st and 2d Regiments, Philippine Constabulary were inducted prior to the war. The 1st Regular Division which in peace time consisted mainly of cadres for training reservists, was filled up with available personnel and inducted.

15. After the outbreak of war, all reservists were ordered to report to the nearest unit or mobilization center. Some units as a result were overstrength and some additional units were hastily organized in the Manila area and later on Batavia.

16. Outside Luzon, where there were no enemy landings except at Davao and later at Jolo and Zamboanga, numerous provisional units were organized by local commanders. These were armed to the extent practicable by train weapons in the Philippine Army training camps and by some excess equipment at mobilization centers. In many cases, these provisional units were given the same-rank designations of reserve units only partially manned by reservists in 1941, such as the "62nd Division", "64th Infantry", etc. In other cases they were known by such names as the "Leyte Provisional Infantry Regiment", the "Surigao Provisional Battalion", etc.

No attempt to list these units has been made except where definite information of their status is available. Such units consisted of reservists not called to regularly mobilized units or who did not report when initially called, of ROTC cadets and of volunteers.

17. Guerrilla Units, organized after the formal surrender in May, 1942 have in many cases continued using the designations of regularly mobilized Philippine Army units; in others, various designations or titles bearing no relation to Philippine Army nomenclature have been used. In most cases, the nucleus of these units has been personnel of the United States Army and Navy, the Philippine Army and the Philippine Constabulary who refused to surrender or who escaped. These have been supplemented by released prisoners and volunteers.

18. The attached tables give available information as to the units of the Philippine Army mobilized or organized without formal mobilization, during 1941 - 1942. Most of the data is based on official documents; in some details, however, they are based only on memory of personnel connected with the mobilization. Where known, a brief narrative of the combat service of the unit is added.

19. It is believed that the foregoing summary, supplemented by the attached tables, will be of material assistance to personnel charged with the reconstitution of the Philippine Army, with determination of the status of former Philippine Army and Philippine Constabulary personnel, and with the settlement of any and disability claims.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AFD 50-71

1ST REGULAR DIVISION (REGULAR)  
(1931-1942)

Commander: (1) Brig Gen Piedad V Segundo, PA (2) Col Ricardo L. Berry, AUS  
Training Area: None  
Combat Service: Elements dispatched as or assigned to S. Luzon Forces, to delay enemy advance along Manila South Road. Withdrawn to Batang with S. Luzon Force. A signed to I Philippine Corps, 7 Jan 42. Held position on left center of I Corps sector of Abasco-Morón line. Sector penetrated about 22 Jan (7). Withdrawn to and held sector of Pilar-Bugno line.

Component Units

Designation	Mobilized at	Mobilized on	Remarks
1st Div Hq . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Source Unknown
1st Inf Regt . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit expanded
Hq Bn			
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos. A, B, C, & D (3rd Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos E, F, G & H (3rd Co)			
3rd Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos I, J, K & L (3rd Co)			
2d Inf Regt. . . . .			Phil 2d Units, originally stationed Parang, Catebato. In Lanza Sector 6 Mar 42. Absorbed by 81st Div.
(Same components as those of 1st Inf less Cos G & H & 3d Bn.)			
3d Inf Regt. . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Source unknown
(Same components as those of 1st Inf)			
1st Sig Co . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit, expanded
1st Sqr . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit, expanded
Hq & Serv Co			
Cos A, B, & C			
1st Serv Tpn . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Source unknown
1st Hq Co Serv Tpn . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Source unknown
Co Hq			
Hq Sec			
Ordn Sec			
News & Serv			
1st Med Bn . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit, expanded
Hq & Hq Co, 1st MD Co, 2d MD Co, Med Det of Div Hq.			
Collecting Cos A, B & C.			
Clearing Co			
Veterinary Co			
1st QM Serv Co . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit, expanded
1st MT Co . . . . .	Manila Area	19 Dec 41	Existing 2d unit, expanded

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Soza  
ALFREDO C. SOZA  
Major, Inf (AP)  
Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 HAP

28 July 1947



DECLASSIFIED  
 Authority: EMD 883078

25 TH INFANTRY DIVISION (REORGAN)  
 (1941-1942)

Commander: Maj Gen Guillermo Francisco, PA  
Training area: Elements in Quezon City  
Combat Service: In service Cebu and area, eastern portion, on Luzon. Details not known, but regiments probably also participated in actions on T. coast of Luzon.

Designation	Component Units		Remarks
	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	
Hq & Hq Co			Div constituted 7 Jan 42 on Luzon. Units except those specifically shown organized from able reservists and volunteers, Hq Phil Constabulary and other PC personnel in Manila Area after 7 Dec and on Luzon.
Serv Co			
1st PC Regt . . . . .	Camp R. Gram, QC	15 Oct 41	
Hq Bn			
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos A, B, C & D (HG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos E, F, G & H (HG Co)			
3rd Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos I, K, L, & M (MI Co)			
2d PC Regt . . . . .	Manila	17 Nov 41	Composed of PC units in Mindanao with station at Com. Katiblay, Lunao inducted into USAPF Nov 41.
[Same components as those of 1st PC Regt]			
3d PC Regt . . . . .			Originally designated Prov. Regt, PC
4th PC Regt . . . . .			Same 2d Div weapons Bn in at USF, Manila. Formed from 2 MI Bns and 1 AT Bn. Sources of these units unknown.
(Same Components as those of 1st PC Regt)			
2d FA Regt . . . . .			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Serv Btry			
1st Bn 2.75 HOW			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry C & D			
3d Bn (HG AA) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry E & F			
2d Engr Bn			
Hq & Serv Co			
Cos A, B & C			
2d Sig Co			
2d Med Bn			
Hq & Hq Co, 1st Inf Regt, 10, 2d Inf Regt 10, 2d FA Med Det, (Med Det, Div Hq			
Collecting Cos A, B, & C			
Clerical Co			
Veterinary Co			
Hq Philippine Constabulary, Manila		22 Dec 41	
2d Anti-Tank Battalion . . . . .			Later sent to the 71st Division.

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sese  
 /s/ ALFREDO C. SESE  
 Major, Inf (AP)  
 Chief, Hist. Bn. G-2, 257

25 July 1947

11TH DIVISION (AGRENS)  
 (1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Wm. J. Brougher, AGS  
 Training Area: Vicinity of San Fabian, Pangasinan  
 Combat Service: Opposed Japanese advance to S. from Lingayen Gulf landings.  
 Withdrawn to Batuan with P. Luzon Force. Assigned to 11 Philippine  
 Corps, 7 Jan 42 and disposed to protect E flank of Corps along Manila  
 Bay coast of Batuan. Transferred to I Philippine Corps and employed in  
 sector of Pilar-Bugao line from about 26 Jan 42.

Designation	Component Units		Remarks
	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	
11th Div . . . . .	Trinidad, Benguet.	17 Nov 41	
11th Inf . . . . .		1 Sep 41	
Hq Bn . . . . .	Guzu, Isabela . . . .	1 Sep 41	
Hq & Hq Serv Co Combat Co Medical Company			
1st Bn . . . . .	Aparri, Cagayan. . . .	1 Sep 41	
Hq & Hq Co Cos A, B, C, & D (MC Co)			
2d Bn . . . . .	Bontoc, Mt Prov. . . .	1 Sep 41	
Hq & Hq Co Cos E, F, G, & H (MC Co)			
3rd Bn . . . . .	Behague, Isabela. . . .	1 Sep 41	
Hq & Hq Co Cos I, K, L, & M (MC Co)			
12th Inf . . . . .	Laang, Ilocos No. . . .	2 Nov 41	
(Same components as those of 11th Inf)			
13th Inf . . . . .	Vigan, Ilocos S . . . .	20 Nov 41	Place on inactive status 20 Feb 42. Personnel trfd to 12th Inf.
(Same components as those of 11th Inf)			
11th M. Regt . . . . .	Bangued, Abra . . . .	15 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Btry Serv Btry 1st Bn 2, 96 HMM Hq & Hq Btry Btry A & B 2d Bn 100MM (81 mm) Hq & Hq Btry Btry C & D 3d Bn (MC AL) Col 30 & 50. Tuguegarao, Cagayan Hq & Hq Btry Btry E & F			
11th Sig Co . . . . .	Trinidad, Benguet. . . .	1 Dec 41	
11th Tngr Bn . . . . .	Tuguegarao, Cagayan . . . .	1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co Cos A, B & C			
11th Medical Bn . . . . .	Trinidad, Benguet. . . .	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co 11 <sup>th</sup> MC Co, 12 <sup>th</sup> MC Co, 13 <sup>th</sup> MC Co Collecting Cos A, B, & C Clearing Co Veterinary Co			
11th Hq Serv Tps . . . . .	Trinidad, Benguet . . . .	17 Nov 41	
11th Q. Serv Co . . . . .	Guzu, Isabela . . . .	17 Nov 41	
11th MT Co . . . . .	Guzu, Isabela . . . .	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Esce  
 /s/ ALFREDO C. ESCO  
 Major, Inf (AF)  
 Chief, Hist Sec, G-2, HAF

28 July 1967

21ST DIVISION (RESERVE)  
 (1941-1947)

Commander: Brig Gen Mateo P. Carrión, RA  
 Training Area: North of Tarlac, Tarlac  
 Combat Record: Overland Japanese advance to S from Lingayen Gulf Landings, operating in western part of Central Luzon. Withdrawn to Batang with 2.0000 men. Assigned to III Philippine Corps, 7 Jan 42. In corps Reserve during defense of Abucay-Aboron position, used by regiments in reinforcement of line. Division withdrawn to and held sector in Pilar-Bago line.

Designation	Component Units	Mobilized as	Remarks
21st Div Hq . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	17 Nov 41	
21st Inf . . . . .	Lingayen, Pangasinan	2 Nov 41	
Hq Bn	Hq & Hq Serv Co		
Cochet Co	Medical Co		
1st Bn	Hq & Hq Co		
	Cos A, B, C, & D (MG Co)		
2d Bn	Hq & Hq Co		
	Cos E, F, G, & H (MG Co)		
3d Bn	Hq & Hq Co		
	Cos I, K, L & M (MG Co)		
22d Inf . . . . .	Manoang, Pangasinan	1 Sep 41	Elements at Baguio, La Union
(Some comments as those of 21st Inf)			
23d Inf . . . . .	Sancti N. Bojia	24 Nov 41	
(Some comments as those of 21st Inf)			
24th WA Regt . . . . .	Sanabang, Pangasinan	24 Nov 41	
Hq & Hq Btry	Serv Btry		
1st Bn 2,000 men	Hq & Hq Btry		
	Btry C & D		
2d Bn (MG Lt) Cdr 70 & 50	Hq & Hq Btry		
	Btry E & F		
21st Sig Co . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	1 Dec 41	
21st Troop Bn . . . . .	Sancti N. Bojia	1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co	Cos A, B & C		
21st Med Bn . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co	21st Med Co, 22nd Med Co, 23rd Med Co		
	Collecting Co A, B & C		
	Clearing Co		
	Veterinary Co		
21st Hq Serv Troop . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	17 Nov 41	
21st Hq Co Serv Troop . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	17 Nov 41	
21st Q' Serv Co . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	17 Nov 41	
21st ST Co . . . . .	Comp Cdr, Tarlac	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIALS:

/s/ Alberto C. Sosa  
 /s/ ALBERTO C. SOSA  
 Major, Inf (A7)  
 Chief, 1st Sec, G-2, S&P

25 July 1947

1ST DIVISION (RESERVE)  
 (1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Clifford Blusell (3-2542), A3S  
Training Area: San Marcelino, Zamboales  
Combat Service: Disposed to defend Zamboales Coast, under C.G., Harbor De-  
 fenses M & S Bays. Withdrawn to Butuan. assigned to I Philippine Corps,  
 7 Jan 42 and disposed to protect left flank of Abucay-Noron position, with  
 beach positions on China est coast of Bataan. Moved about 20 Jan via  
 Bagac-Pilar road to counterattack enemy troops penetrating in sector of  
 51st Div, II Philippine Corps, Philippine Army, not effective. Held  
 sector on front II Philippine Corps on Pilar-Bagac line.

Localization . . . . .	Component Units		Remarks
	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	
11st Div Hq . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	17 Nov 41	
31st Inf Regt . . . . .	San Miguel, Bulacan . . . . .	1 Sep 41	2d Bn (?) at Balanga, Bataan
Hq Bn			3d Bn (?) at Iba, Zamboales
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com A, B, C & D (MC Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com E, F, G & H (MC Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com I, M, L & N (MC Co)			
32d Inf Regt . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	2 Nov 41	
(Same components as those of 31st Inf)			
33d Inf Regt . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	24 Nov 41	
(Same components as those of 31st Inf)			
31st FA Regt . . . . .	Camp del Pilar, Pangasinan . . .	15 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Btry			
Serv Btry			
1st Bn 3.75 How			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry A & B			
2d Bn MORTAR (Bltn)			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry C & D			
3d Bn (MC AA) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry E & F			
31st S1 Co . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	1 Dec 41	
31st Engr Bn . . . . .	San Miguel, Bulacan . . . . .	1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co			
Com A, B & C			
31st Med Bn . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co, 1st MD Co, 3rd MD Co, 3rd MD Co			
Collecting Co, A, B, & C			
Clearing Co			
Veterinary Co			
31st Hq Serv Tpt . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	17 Nov 41	
31st Hq Co Serv . . . . .	San Fernando, Pangasinan . . .	17 Nov 41	
31st QM Serv Co . . . . .	San Miguel, Bulacan . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
31st MT Co . . . . .	San Miguel, Bulacan . . . . .	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sans  
 /s/ ALFREDO C. SANS  
 Major, Inf (A2)  
 Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 HAP

25 July 1947

41ST DIVISION (REGIONS)  
(1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Vicente Lit, RA  
Training Area: Tarabay Ridge, (Darito-Batangas)  
Combat Service: Disposed to various enemy landings on Cavite and Batangas coasts. Withdrawn with S. Luzon Force, thru Manila to Batan. Assigned II Philippine Corps, 7 Jan 47. Held sector (central) on Abucay-Noron line with success until outflanked by enemy breaking through in sector on its left. Withdrawn to and held sector on Pilar-Bago line.

Designation	Component Units	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	Remarks
41st Div Hq . . . . .		Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
41st Inf Regt . . . . .		Mar, Batangas . . . . .	2 Nov 41	
Hq Bn				
Hq & Pq Serv Co				
Comd Co				
Medical Co				
1st Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com A, B, C & D (MG Co)				
2nd Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com A, B, C & D (MG Co)				
3rd Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com I, L, M & N (MG Co)				
42nd Inf Regt . . . . .	Tres Cruces, Cavite . . . . .	1 Sep 41	2d & 3d Bns at Batangas, Batangas	
(Same components as those of 41st Inf)				
43rd Inf Regt . . . . .	Caluan, Marikina . . . . .	24 Nov 41	1st Bn held at Taliko, Batangas; 3d Bn (Malawan) held at Ganubang, Laguna.	
(Same components as those of 41st Inf)				
41st Pz Regt . . . . .	Ganubang, Laguna . . . . .	24 Nov 41		
Pz Hq				
Surv Btry				
1st Bn 2, 95 Pz				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Star 1 & 2				
2d Bn 100 Pz (1st bn)				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Star 3 & 4				
3d Bn (MG Bn) Cal 30 A 50				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Star 5 & 6				
41st Sig Co . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	1 Dec 41		
41st Troop Bn	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	1 Oct 41		
Hq & Serv Co				
Com A, B, & C				
41st Veh Bn . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	1 Dec 41		
Hq & Hq Co, 41st Veh Co, 41st ME Co, 41st D Co				
Collecting Co A, B & C				
Cleaning Co				
Veterinary Co				
41st Hq Serv Troop . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	17 Nov 41		
41st Hq Co Serv Troop . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	17 Nov 41		
41st QM Serv Co . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	17 Nov 41		
41st MT Co . . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC . . . . .	17 Nov 41		

OFFICIALS:

1st Alfredo C. Sese  
1st ALFREDO C. SESE  
Major, Inf (A)  
C-1st, 1st Sec, G-2 FA

25 July 1947

DECLASSIFIED  
 Authority: AIA 581071

51ST DIVISION (RESERVE)  
 (1941-1942)

**Commander:** Brig Gen. Albert F. Jones, AUS  
**Training Area:** San Pedro-Lipa Area, Batangas  
**Combat Service:** Dispatched to oppose enemy landings on south and east coasts. Tayabas including Lucena, Tinoman and Nabua, Oposed and delayed landings at two latter points. Withdrawn thru Manila to Subic. Assigned II "Hillside" Corps, 7 Jun 42. Held sector on left on II Corps front on Albuay-Moron line. Sector penetrated by enemy and division discontinued. Reorganized as "51st Regimental Combat Team" in late January or early February, 1942 and held sector of II Corps on Pilar-Bagao line.

Designation	Component Units	Mobilized at	Mobilized On	Remarks
51st Div Hq . . . . .		Daraga, Albay	17 Nov 41	
51st Inf Regt . . . . .		Lucena, Tayabas	2 Nov 41	
Hq Bn				
Hq & Hq Serv Co				
Combat Co				
Medical Co				
1st Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com A, B, C & D (MG Co)				
2d Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com E, F, G & H (MG Co)				
3d Bn				
Hq & Hq Co				
Com I, K, L & M (MG Co)				
52d Inf Regt . . . . .	Rili, Comarines Sur		1 Sep 41	Elements at Dest Comarines Norte
(Same components as those of 51st Inf)				
53d Inf Regt . . . . .	Sorsogon, Sorsogon		24 Nov 41	1st Bn at Virao, Catanduanes Is; 3d Bn at Nabato
(Same components as those of 51st Inf)				
51st PA Regt . . . . .	Lucena, Tayabas		15 Dec 41	Nabato
Hq & Hq Btry				
Serv Btry				
1st Bn 2.95 MG				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Btry A & B				
2d Bn MORTAR (41 mm)				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Btry C & D				
3d Bn (MG 41) Cal 30 & 50				
Hq & Hq Btry				
Btry E & F				
51st Sig Co . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		1 Dec 41	
51st Eng Bn . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		25 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co				
Com A, B & C				
51st Med Bn . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co, 51st MD Co, 52nd MD Co, 53rd MD Co				
Collecting Cos, A, B & C				
Clearing Co				
Veterinary Co				
51st Hq Serv Tps . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		17 Nov 41	
51st Hq Co Serv Tps . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		17 Nov 41	
51st QV Serv Co . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		17 Nov 41	
51st MT Co . . . . .	Daraga, Albay		17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sosa  
 /s/ ALFREDO C. SOSA  
 Major, Inf (A)  
 Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 HAP

25 July 1947

(1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Clifford G Chynoweth (03499) A F

Training Area: Dingo, Iloilo and Iloilo

Combat Service: Assigned defense missions as part of Visayan-Mindanao Force  
61st & 62d Inf & 61st FA moved to Mindanao prior to 3 Feb and dispersed as follows: 61st Inf, Lanao Sector; 61st FA, Cagayan Sector; 62d Inf, Force Reserve, South. Action in defense of Mindanao unknown. Remainder of division part of Visayan Force from 3 Mar 42. Dispositions and action not known.

DECLASSIFIED  
AUTHORITY: E.O. 13526

Designation	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	Remarks
61st Div Hq . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
61st Inf Regt . . . . .	Magno, Iloilo . . . . .	1 Sep 41	
Hq Bn			
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos A, B, C & D (MG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos E, F, G & H (MG Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos I, K, L & N (MG Co)			
62d Inf Regt . . . . .	Panitan, Cebu . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
(same components as those of 61st Inf)			
63d Inf Regt . . . . .	San Jose, Antique, 15 Dec 41		Activated in "Army" & left behind to garrison the Is. Unit was commanded by Capt Lyle Fitzpatrick.
(Same components as those of 61st Inf)	(1st Bn at Banao, Cebu; 3d Bn at Odiongan, Bohol)		
64th Inf Regt . . . . .			Activated as reserve for the Is. of "Army". CO of this unit was Col Juan Quirbo & later Capt Januario Antigua.
(Same components as those of 61st Inf)			
65th Inf Regt . . . . .			Activated together with 64th Inf & command by 1st Lt Juan Cortio. Ex O was Lt Angel Salazar.
(Same components as those of 61st Inf)			
61st FA Regt . . . . .	Dingle, Iloilo . . . . .	24 Nov 41	
Hq & Hq Btry			
Serv Btry			
1st Bn 2.95 MFM			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry A & B			
2d Bn MORTAR (81 mm)			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry C & D			
3d Bn (MG AA) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry E & F			
61st Sig Co . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	1 Dec 41	
61st Engr Bn . . . . .	Dingle, Iloilo . . . . .	1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co			
Cos A, B & C			
61st Med Bn . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co, 61st MD Co, 62d MD Co, 63d MD Co			
Collecting Cos A, B & C			
Cheering Co			
Veterinary Co			
61st Hq Serv Tps . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
61st Hq Co Serv Tps . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
61st QM Serv Co . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
61st PT Co . . . . .	Iloilo City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sese  
/c/ ALFREDO C. SESE  
Major, Inf (AP)  
Chief, Hist Sec, G-2, MAC

25 July 1947

**DECLASSIFIED**  
Authority NAID 883078

(UNCLASSIFIED) INFORMATION

(UNCLASSIFIED) INFORMATION



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority E.O. 13526

71ST DIVISION (HAWAII)  
(1941-1942)

- Commanders: (1) Brig Gen Clyde A. Bellack (O-2471) AUS  
(2) Brig Gen Clinton A. Pierce (O-4997) AUS

Training Area: Camp O'Donnell, Camp, Tarlac

Combat Service: Units moved from Hagroa at various dates to Camp O'Donnell except for 73d Inf which could not be moved to Luzon. Assigned to 8. Luzon Force, 1 Nov 41. Transferred to N. Luzon Force, 25 Nov 41. Engaged in action against Japanese after Lingayen Gulf Landings. Withdrawn to Batavia with N. Luzon Force. Assigned to I Philippine Corps, 7 Jan 42. Combat elements attached to 71st Div; Div Pz and service elements in SW part of Batavia peninsula, with other troops attached defending W coast in Service Area. 73d Inf moved to Mindoro and was (on 6 Mar 42) attached to 71st Div in Lango Sector. Further action unknown.

<u>Designation</u>	<u>Mobilized At</u>	<u>Mobilized On</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
71st Div Pz . . . . .	Stockpman, Neg Oco . . .	19 Nov 41	
71st Inf Regt . . . . .	" " " " . . .	1 Sep 41 . . .	*Fabrics, Mucias, Ne-gallon, Basuban Neg Oco (3)
Hq Bn			
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com A, B, C & D (MG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com E, F, G & H (MG Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Com I, J, K & L (MG Co)			
72d Inf Regt . . . . .	Isabela, Neg Oco . . .	2 Nov 41 . . .	3d Bn & 1 71st HqBtl at Guibulungan, Neg Or.
(Same comments as those of 71st Inf)			
73d Inf Regt . . . . .	Tanjay, Negros Oco . . .	15 Dec 41*	*Date advanced. Never joined Division.
(Same comments as those of 71st Inf)			
74th Inf Regt . . . . .			Activated around mid Dec 41 activated with 75th Inf to garrison Is of Negros after 73d Inf left to HqBtl. CO was Maj Gen C Jones
(Same comments as those of 71st Inf)			Inducted with 74th Inf. CO was Lt Col Ballasteros, later held by Major Roque. Offs of these 2 units came fr 51st Div plus Offs who failed to catch up with 71st, 72d & 73d B-ctds. Professional & teachers later commissioned to complete Off Corps. These 2 units surrendered to Japs when enemy landed.
71st QA Regt . . . . .	Isabela, Neg Oco . . .	24 Nov 41 . . .	3d Bn at Tanjay Neg Or
Hq & Hq Btry			
Serv Btry			
1st Bn 2, 2, 2, 2, 2			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry I & B			
2d Bn MORTAR (M1 co)			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry C & D			
3d Bn (MG Lt) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry M & P			

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA/D 553078

1st Division (Reserve) Cont'd

<u>Designation</u>	<u>Component Units</u>		<u>Mobilized On</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
	<u>Mobilized At</u>			
1st Sig Co . . . . .	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		1 Dec 41	
1st Tngr Bn . . . . .	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co Co A, B & C				
1st Med Bn . . . . .	Murcia, Neg Occ. . .		1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co	1st TP Co, 73d TP Co, 73d MD			
Collecting Co A, B & C				
Clearing Co				
Veterinary Co				
1st Hq Serv Tps. . .	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		17 Nov 42	
1st Hq Co Serv Tps	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		17 Nov 41	
1st Ql Serv Co	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		17 Nov 41	
1st Mt Co . . . . .	Binalbagan, Neg Occ.		17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sosa  
/s/ ALFREDO C. SOSA  
Major, Inf (AF)  
Chief, Hist Sec, G-2, MAP

26 July 1947

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AANDS 2075

81ST DIVISION (USMMW)  
(1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Guy O Fort, PA  
Training Area: Carmen, Bohol, 1 Regt - Wright, Samar (letter never received)  
Combat Service: Initially disposed in Visayan Is. Division, less 82d (less 2d Bn). 83d Inf moved to Mindanao prior to 4 Feb 42. Elements on Mindanao disposed as of 6 Mar 42 as follows: Div (less 3 Inf Regts and PA Regt), Lanao sector; 81st PA, Cagayan sector; 81st Inf, Agusan sector; 2d Bn, 82d Inf, Comandancia zone. Further action unknown. Elements remaining in Visayas transferred to Visayan Force, 3 Mar 42. Further action and disposition unknown.

Designation	Component Units		Remarks
	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	
81st Div Hq . . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	17 Nov 41 . . . . .	*Elements mobil at
81st Inf Regt . . . . *	. . . . .	1 Sep 41	Panambahan and
Hq Bn			Madellin, Cebu (and
Hq & Hq Srv Co			Cebu City.
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos A, B, C & D (MG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Fq Co			
Cos E, F, G & H (MG Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Fq Co			
Cos I, K, L & M (MG Co)			
82d Inf Regt. . . . .	Argao, Cebu . . . . .	24 Nov 41	
(Same components as those of 81st Inf)			
83rd Inf Regt . . . . .	Tagbilaran, Bohol . . . . .	15 Dec 41 . . . . .	Date advanced. 2d Bn at Tubigon, Bohol; 3d Bn at Ubay, Bohol.
(same components as those of 81st Inf)			
81st PA Regt. . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	24 Nov 41 . . . . .	Bn at Tagbilaran, Bohol
Hq & Hq Stry			
Serv Stry			
1st Bn 2,95 HO*			
Hq & Hq Stry			
Stry A & B			
2d Bn MORTAR (31 mm)			
Hq & Hq Stry			
Stry C & D			
3d Bn (MG Lt) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Stry			
Stry E & F			
81st Sig Co. . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	1 Dec 41	
81st Regt Bn . . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	25 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co			
Cos A, B & C			
81st Med Bn . . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Fq Co	81st MD Co, 82d MD Co, 83d MD Co		
Collecting Cos A, B & C			
Cleaning Co			
Yeastery Co			
81st Hq Serv Tro . . .	Cebu City. . . . .	17 Nov 41	
81st Hq Co Serv Tro. .	Cebu City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
81st QM Serv Co . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	
81st MP Co . . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Bese  
/s/ ALFREDO C. BESE  
Major, Inf (A?)  
Chief, 81st Sec, 3-2, HAP

25 July 1947

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA/DS/2075

91ST DIVISION (RESERVE)  
(1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Luther Stevens, PA  
Training Area: Vicinity of Cebanatuan, Nueva Ecija (Luzon)  
Combat Services Division (less 93d Inf) moved on various dates to training areas on Luzon. Assigned to USARP reserve. Released to N. Luzon Force about 20 Dec 41 and opposed Japanese advance from Lingayon Gulf landings in eastern part of Central Luzon valley. Part of division cut off in night action near Cebanatuan and dispersed to mountains to east. Balance withdrawn to Bataan with N. Luzon Force. Assigned I Philippine Corps, 7 Jan 42. Held sectors on I Corps front in Bataan, with infantry of 71st Div attached. 91st Inf inactivated 20 Feb 42. Personnel transferred to 92d Inf.  
93d Inf moved to Mindanao and was on 4 May disposed as "Force Reserve North" of Mindanao Force. Further action unknown.

Designation	Component Units		Remarks
	mobilized at	mobilized on	
91st Div Hq . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	17 Nov 41	
91st Inf Regt . . . . .	"	1 Sep 41	
Hq Bn			
Hq & Hq Serv Co			
Combat Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos A, B, C & D (MG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos E, F, G & H (MG Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Hq Co			
Cos I, K, L & M (MG Co)			
93d Inf Regt . . . . .	Valikbor, Leyte . . .	2 Nov 41.	
(Same components as those of 91st Inf)			
93d Inf Regt . . . . .	Catbalogan, Samar . .	15 Dec 41*	*Date advance. 2d Bn at Catbalogan, Samar.
(Same components as those of 91st Inf)			
91st PA Regt . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	24 Nov 41 .	3d Bn at Catbalogan, Samar
Hq & Hq Btry			
Serv Btry			
1st Bn 2.95 BOM			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry A & B			
2d Bn MORTAR (21 mm)			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry C & D			
3d Bn (MG AA) Cal 30 & 50			
Hq & Hq Btry			
Btry X & Y			
91st Sig Co . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	1 Dec 41	
91st Drgr Bn . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	1 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co			
Cos A, B & C			
91st Med Bn . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Hq Co, 91st MD Co, 92d MD Co, 93d MD Co.			
Collecting Cos A, B & C			
Cleaning Co			
Veterinary Co			
91st Hq Serv Tro . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	17 Nov 41	
91st Hq Co Serv Tro . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	17 Nov 41	
91st Q' Serv Co . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	17 Nov 41	
91st MT Co . . . . .	Tacloban, Leyte . . .	17 Nov 41	

OFFICIAL:  
/s/ Alfredo C. Sosa  
/s/ ALFREDO C. SOSA  
Major, Inf (A)  
Chief, 1st Sec, G-2, MAP

25 July 1947

101ST DIVISION (RESERVE)  
 (1941-1942)

Commander: Brig Gen Joseph P. Vachon (G-3133) AMB

Training Area: Malaybalay, Bukidnon

Combat Service: Disposed for defense of Mindanao. Elements (probably of 102d Inf) interned Japanese at Sarao and, on Nap Landing there, destroyed and held advance in land towards Cotabato, On 6 Mar 42, disposition as follows: Division (less elements - Cotabato-Davao Sector; 102d Inf - Gaguyma sector; 1st Bn, 102d Inf - Zamboanga sector; 1 Plt., 102d Pl. - Force reserve. Further action and disposition unknown.

Designation	Component Units		Remarks
	Mobilized At	Mobilized On	
101st Div Hq . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	17 Nov 41.	
101st Inf Regt . . . . .		1 Sep 41.	*Elements at Padas, Sarigpo, Misamis Occ; (1)
Hq Bn			
Hq & Sq Serv Co			
Cookst Co			
Medical Co			
1st Bn			
Hq & Sq Co			
Co A, B, C & D (MG Co)			
2d Bn			
Hq & Sq Co			
Co E, F, G & H (MG Co)			
3d Bn			
Hq & Sq Co			
Co I, J, K, L & M (MG Co)			
102d Inf Regt . . . . .	Davao, Davao	24 Nov 41	3d Bn at Butuan, Agusan
(Some components as those of 101st Inf)			
102d Inf Regt . . . . .	Zamboanga City	15 Dec 41*	*Date advanced. Co A at Jolo, Sulu; 3d Bn at Cotabato, Cotabato.
(Some components as those of 101st Inf)			
102th Inf Regt . . . . .			Among off's of this unit are 3d Lt Gregorio Monson, Capt Federico Herrera & 1st Lt Lopez Tolosa.
(Some components as those of 101st Inf)			
101st Sig Co . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	1 Dec 41	
101st Engr Bn . . . . .	Gaguyma, Misamis Or	20 Oct 41	
Hq & Serv Co			
Co A, B & C			
101st Med Bn . . . . .	Cotabato, Cotabato	1 Dec 41	
Hq & Sq Co, 101st MD Co, 102d MD Co, 103d MD Co			
Collecting Co A, B & C			
Clearing Co			
Veterinary Co			
101st Hq Serv Tps . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	17 Nov 41	
101st Hq Co Serv Tps . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	17 Nov 41	
101st QM Serv Co . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	17 Nov 41	
101st MT Co . . . . .	Camp Overton, Lanzo	17 Nov 41	
302d Engr Bn . . . . .			Among off's of this unit were Capt Pablo Sebastian & 1st Lt Candido B. San Luis.
101st PA Regt . . . . .	Malaybalay, Bukidnon	15 Dec 41*	*Date advanced. Grades from Luzon never joined. Used as infantry.
(components unknown)			

OFFICIAL:

*/s/* Alfredo C. Sazo  
 ALFREDO C. SAZO  
 Major, Inf (AF)  
 Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 Staff

25 July 1967

NON-OFFICIAL AND PROVISIONAL UNITS  
(1941-1942)

<u>Designation of Unit</u>	<u>Mobilized At</u>	<u>Mobilized On</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
<u>PAAC (USAFVS):</u>			
Zablan Field Unit, . . .	Zablan Field, QC	15 Aug 41	Inducted by Gen McArthur
1st School Squadron			
2d Detach Squadron			
3d Detach Squadron			
4th Air Base Squadron			
5th Photo Squadron			
Maniquis Field Unit, Cabaatuan, N.S.		15 Aug 41	Inducted by Lt Col Charles Sedges, Chief of AC
7th School Squadron			
9th Air Base Squadron			
10th Bombardment Squadron			
Navigation School			
Batangas Field Unit, Lina, Batangas . . .		15 Aug 41	Inducted by Gen McArthur
6th Pursuit Squadron			
Lahug Field Unit . . . Lahug, Cebu . . .		15 Aug 41	Inducted by Lt Raymond Sloan AC (INA)
9th Observation & Attack Squadron			
11th Air Base Squadron			
Anti-Sabotage Regiment, Far Eastern Uni- versity		21 Dec 41	Auth: SO #298 War B, Jrgr Hq, Commonwealth of Phil.
Prov Bn, PAAC . . . . . Batasan . . . . .		26 Jan 42	Formed as Inf Bn from 40 Inf orgs & 190 SN from 40 Inf orgs; 410 SN PAAC. Employed on F coast of Batasan and later (in part at least) attached 4th Regt USMC on Corregidor.
1st CA Regt:			
Hq & Hq Bn & 1st Bn, Fort Wint, Zamboale		31 Oct 41	Adv Det, 7 Oct; Off & cores, 10 Oct.
2d Bn . . . . .	Fort Wint, Zamboale	1 Dec 41	
1st Bn, 2d CA . . . . .	Fort Area, Manila	13 Dec 41	Reorg'd as 2d CA (AA) 21 Dec 41.
Prov Bn, CA . . . . .	Batasan . . . . .	Feb 42	2-battalies org'd & composed part of 1st Prov Bn (CA) - which also included Btry B & F, 92d CA (Inf)
301st AF Bn . . . . .	Fort Area, Manila	15 Dec 41	Questionable if actually organized
310th Tank Detach Co. . . . .	Fort Area, Manila	15 Dec 41	
301st Chem Co Detach. . . . .	Camp Murphy, QC	15 Dec 41	Personnel fr PA Ord deta at locality of mobilization.
201st QMS Co (Inf) . . . . .	Camp Del Pilar, Batangas	18 Dec 41	Ditto
202d Ord Co (Inf) . . . . .	Manila . . . . .	18 Dec 41	Ditto
203d Ord Co (Inf) . . . . .	Cebu City . . . . .	18 Dec 41	Ditto
201st Tank Bn Combat (Cores)	Batasan . . . . .	13 Feb 42	From Misc PA personnel available on Batasan; Officers chiefly AUS.
202d Tank Bn Combat (Cores)	Batasan . . . . .	13 Feb 42	Ditto
301st QMS Co . . . . .	Cebu . . . . .	15 Mar 42	No details known.
302d QMS Co . . . . .	Cebu . . . . .	15 Mar 42	No details known.
303rd QMS Co . . . . .	Cebu . . . . .	15 Mar 42	No details known.
304th QMS Co . . . . .	Cebu . . . . .	15 Mar 42	No details known.
301st PA Regt. . . . .	Batasan . . . . .	7 Jun 42	154 mm. Org'd from personnel available on Batasan.
Off-shore Patrol . . . . .	Manila . . . . .	8 Dec 41	PA personnel, manned & operated 3 motor patrol boats in Manila Bay, chiefly along E coast Batasan.

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sese  
/s/ ALFREDO C. SESE  
Major, Inf (A)  
Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 HAF

SPECIAL PROVISIONAL AND IRREGULAR UNITS - MINDANAO FORCE  
 (1941 - 1945)

Designation of Unit				
1st Bn (Provisional) . . .	Zamboanga, Zamboanga.	Unknown.	In existence 6 Mar	In Zamboanga sector.
Hq Bn & Serv Co (Prov).	Zamboanga, Zamboanga.	(?)		Same as above.
1st Sulu Constabulary Co. (Provisional)	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		In existence as provision unit prior to 6 Mar 42. Activated formally 16 Mar 42 in Lanao Sector.
1 Labor Cos (80 men ea).	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		In existence 6 Mar 42 in Lanao Sector.
Brigade Hq (Prov) . . . .	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		In existence 6 Mar 42 in Cagayan Sector.
Mad Collecting Co . . . .	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		Same as above.
1st Provisional Bn . . . .	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		In existence 6 Mar 42 in Cotabato-Davao Sector.
2d Provisional Bn . . . .	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		Same as above.
General Serv Co, PC . . . .	"	(?) . . . . . (?)		Presumably pre-war PC units.
2d Inf (PA) (less Cos C & H and 3d Bn)** . . . . .				Full RA units, originally stationed Parang(?), Cotabato, in Lanao Sector, 6 Mar 42.
				(Included in list of component units under the 1st Reg Div (Regular).
2d Regt PC . . . . .	Mobilized at Camp			Agad to Visayan-Mindanao
	Lahug, Lanao . . . .	9 Dec 41		Force, Reg PC unit expanded.
3d Inf Regt PC . . . . .	(?)	(?)		Organized pre-war. In Agusan Sector, 6 Mar 42.
Surigao Prov Bn . . . .	Surigao	(?)	(?)	Inexistence 6 Mar 42 in Agusan Sector.
Agusan Prov Bn . . . .	Agusan	(?)	(?)	Same as above.
1st Depot Co (Prov) . . . .	"	(?)	(?)	At Hq Mindanao Force, 5 Mar 42
Paroo Hospital . . . . .	"	(?)	(?)	Same as above.

Following units activated effective 15 March 1942, in Mindanao Force, per USAFFE General Order 43, 15 March 1942:

Hq 103d Div . . . . .	From Brig Hq (Prov), Cagayan Sector.
Hq Serv Tps, 103d Div . . . . .	From Brig Hq (Prov), Cagayan Sector & Agusan Prov Bn.
Hq Co Serv Tps, 103d Div . . . . .	From Agusan Provisional Bn.
103d Ingr Bn . . . . .	Personnel from Surigao Provisional Bn.
103d MT Co . . . . .	From Agusan Prov Bn.
103d QM Serv Co . . . . .	From Agusan Prov Bn & 2d Prov Bn, Cotabato
203d MT Co . . . . .	Source unknown
204th MT Co . . . . .	Source unknown
Cos A & B, 104th Inf . . . . .	Source unknown
2d Bn, 104th Inf . . . . .	Source unknown
5d Bn, 104th Inf . . . . .	Source unknown

OFFICIAL:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sese  
 ALFREDO C. SESE  
 Major, Inf (AF)

26 July 1947

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES  
 Camp Murphy, Quezon City  
 Office 4C of S, G-2

Historical Section

HEADQUARTERS, PHILIPPINE ARMY  
 (1941 - 1942)

Commander: Major General BASILIO J. VALDES  
 Training Area: Bonifacio Drive, Fort Area, Intramuros, Manila  
 Combat Service: After induction in Manila, withdrew to Batasan.  
 Some personnel was left in Manila to form Anti-Sabotage Regiment under Colonel Sumangcoyo. Some changes while in Batasan were as follows: (1) Functions of G-1 given to the Adjutant General. (2) G-2 became MIS under Brigadier General Simon de Jesus. (3) G-3, Colonel Pastor Bartolino became chief of Staff of the 11st Division with General Blumel. (4) G-4 functioned with Quartermaster. (5) War Plans Section dissolved, and members were absorbed by either the 1st Regular Division (1A) or the Anti-Sabotage Regiment.

COMPONENT UNITS

<u>DESIGNATION</u>	<u>MOBILIZED AT/INDUCTED ON:</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Central General Staff:	:"	:"
Office of the Chief of Staff: Manila Area:	19 Dec 1941	:"
Office Deputy Chief of Staff:	:"	:"
Office Adjutant General:	:"	:"
Office Sec. General Staff:	:"	:"
G-1 Section:	:"	:"
G-2 "	:"	:"
G-3 "	:"	:"
G-4 "	:"	:"
G-5 (Subject Division):	:"	:"
Special Staff Sections:	:"	:"
Office Signal Corp:	Manila Area:	19 Dec 1941
Office Corps of Engineers:	:"	:"
Office Quartermaster Service:	:"	:"
Office Supt ROTC:	:"	:"
Office Judge Advocate Gen:	:"	:"
Office Medical Service:	:"	:"
Office Inspector Gen Serv:	:"	:"
Office Ordnance Service:	:"	:"
Office Finance Service:	:"	:"
SGQ Company:	:"	:"

Later became  
 Detached En-  
 listed Men's  
 List (DEML)

OFFICIALS:

/s/ Alfredo C. Sosa  
 /s/ ALFONSO C. SERRA  
 Chief, Hist Sec, G-2 Div

30 July 1947



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AMDS/3071

TABLE OF CONTENTS  
(Revised)

OS USAFFE MEMORANDUM

To All Adjutants: This Revised Table of Contents supersedes the old one and should be filed in your folders. Menus in your folders should conform with this Table of Contents.

<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>SUBJECT-MATTER</u>	<u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u>
1 - D	Instructions on Accomplishment of GSERP-RK Form 6: (Revised 10 Jan 46) (Revised)	1 Jul 47
2 - D	Effectivity of USAFFE Memorandum	:
3 - D	Conflicts of Policies or of Evidence	:
4 - D	Authentication of Documents	:
5 - D	Military Identity	:
6 - D	USAFFE Status of Philippine Constabulary	:
7 - D	Proof of Soldier's Death	:
8 - D	Determination of Death	:
9 - D	Findings of Death (Revised)	1 Jul 47
10 - D	Death Certificates issued by the Executive Commission and by the Bureau of Public Affairs; Arbitrary Dates of Death of POWs at Camp O'Donnell	:
11 - D	Case, Taylor, PHU and Fort Santiago (Revised)	1 Jul 47
12 - D	Released Status	:
13 - D	POW Status	:
14 - D	Missing Status (Revised)	1 Jul 47
15 - D	No Casualty Status	:
16 - D	Determination of Inclusive Dates of an Individual's Status (Revised)	1 Jul 47
17 - D	Grades and Promotions (Revised)	1 Jul 47
18 - D	Line of Duty Status in Both Cases	:
19 - D	Status of Last Payment	:
20 - C	Deductions from Advances in Pay	:



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA 53-71

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - EYEKUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

APO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM }  
No. 1-D }

1-6

The following instructions shall be followed as guide in the accomplishment of GSKRP-PA Form 6 (Revised 10 Jan 46):

HEADINGS -

1. Delete the words "WESTERN PACIFIC" and substitute the word "PHILRECOMP".
2. File No. - After "GSKRP 201" place surname, first name, and middle initial, if any, all in capital letters, followed by (OFF) for officers and (EN) for enlisted men.
3. Claim No. and Date of Form - Place the claim number above APO 707. The draft of the Form will be dated to show the date of adjudication, but it will be omitted in the final form. Control Sub-Section will date forms upon approval.

SECTION I -

Par 1 -

1. Name - The first name, middle initial, if any, and surname with only the first letters capitalized will be written.
2. Rank - Place the highest grade held by the deceased soldier, to be written in the authorized abbreviations only.
3. ASN, Branch of Service, and Organization - Where the deceased had two or more Army Serial Numbers, the latest will be taken. Branch of Service will be written in the authorized abbreviations. Whenever the branch of service is "Medical Service", the entry will be "MS". Organization will be the last known organization of the deceased written to the smallest unit (to the company, if possible). Where the ASN, Branch of Service, or Organization is not shown by evidence, the entry will be "Unknown".

Par 1 b- Status (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO Nos. 12-D, 13-D, 14-D and 15-D) -

The status of the soldier from 8 Dec 41 or date of call to active duty, whichever is later, to date of death or return to military control, whichever is earlier, will be determined. The different statuses will be placed in chronological order, with their corresponding inclusive periods, without interval or overlapping of dates. (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #16-D)

DCS USAFFE MEMO #1-D, Cont'd -

Par 1 c - Reason for No Casualty Status - (Refer to par 2, DCS USAFFE MEMO #15-D)

All periods of No Casualty Status shown in par 1 b will be copied in this paragraph. Reason shown will only be "Sec IV, par 1 a, 'D Plan'". If the deceased was never in a No Casualty Status, entry will be "None".

Par 1 d- Grades (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #17-D)

Grades held will be determined for the period coinciding with the period covered by the determined status as shown in Par 1 b, and the inclusive period of each grade indicated.  
For example:

Grades	From	To
3rd Lt	8 Dec 41	9 Feb 42
1st Lt	10 Feb 42	15 Sep 42

Par 1 e - LOD Status (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO No. 18-D)

If death was incurred in line of duty and was not a result of this misconduct, the appropriate words will be deleted.

Par 1 f (1) - Date of Last Payment (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #19-D)

The date shown will be the date proved conclusively by the claimant to be the last date he was paid in 1941 or 1942 prior to the surrender. If the date cannot be proved by the claimant, the arbitrary date of last payment will be shown. If the name of the disbursing officer making last payment to soldier is not known, as in many cases it will not be known, the term "Unknown" may be shown in the space provided for name of disbursing officer. The information of this paragraph may be found in par (9) of GSERP (R) Form 9 or in other papers on file.

Par 1 f (2) - Monies Received in 1941-1942 (USAFFE FUNDS)

The data to be shown will be copied from Par (9) of GSERP (R) Form 9 or from evidence on file. Neither (Qa) nor (NO Qa) will be crossed out unless quarters allowance on Form 9 is crossed out. If Qa is crossed out on Form 9 then (Qa) on Form 6 will be crossed out. The date of last payment shown may not always agree with the date of last payment shown in par 1 f (1), because claimant has not proved the date the deceased was last paid, requiring the invocation of the "fixed date" policy. If no amount of monies received from 8 Dec 41 to date of surrender is shown in the claim papers the word "None" should be placed on the appropriate blank of each column, and no deletion will be made whatsoever pertaining to quarters allowance.

Par 1 f (3) - Residence of Dependents

If the individual is an enlisted man, the entry will be "None". If the individual is an officer, the location or address of the dependents

DCS USAFFE MEMO #1-D, Cont'd -

If he had any should be placed with the corresponding period from 1 Dec 41 to 30 Jun 42. However, there are cases where dependents have more than one location or address within said period, in which cases, each location or address shall be placed with its corresponding inclusive dates. By dependents is meant the wife or legitimate children below 18 only. If an officer had no dependents during this period, entry will be "None". Data for this paragraph may be found in paragraph (12) page 3, Form 9 or in other evidence on file.

Par 1 f (4) - Quarters Allowance (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #20-D)

Entitlement to quarters allowance will be determined and shown without regard to par 1 e, and will commence on the day following date of last payment as shown in par 1 f (1), or the date entitlement to quarters allowance commenced, whichever is later, and terminate on the date shown in par 1 f (9). If there is satisfactory evidence that quarters allowance was last paid on a date different from that shown in par 1 f (1), then entitlement will commence on the day following that last date of payment.

Par 1 f (5) - Additional Pay

Entry in this paragraph will be "None" in all cases.

Par 1 f (6) - Longevity Pay (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #21-D)

If an officer is entitled to longevity pay, the words "Not Due" will be deleted and the blank filled in with the number of years in multiples of five for which the longevity pay is due. If he is not entitled, the word "Due" will be deleted and the word "None" entered in the blank.

Par 1 f (7) - Insurance (Refer to par 1 a, DCS USAFFE MEMO #22-D)

The data on insurance will be found on an old Form 6 or a Form accomplished by the Insurance Division, HAF, or by the Administrative Section, PA Br, this Division. If the individual had contract insurance, the words "(not due)" in the amount of \* and "per month" will be deleted, and the words "for policy of" will be typed in as illustrated below. The total amount of insurance as shown in the insurance record will then be entered in the blank in terms of Philippine currency, and the date of effectivity of the policy with serial number will be copied from the insurance record. In addition to entry of this information, date of birth will be entered in left hand margin and the last blank of par 1 f (7) will be altered to read as follows: "Premiums to be deducted as determined by OCF, HAF". For example:

The HMLI record shows that the deceased was insured for \$1,000.00 effective 1 Jan 42 with serial number of 9001266. His date of birth was 21 Sep 1910. Entry in par 1 f (7) will be as follows:

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority ALND 572073

DCS USAFFE MEMO #1-D, Cont'd -

(7) ~~NETI~~ Premiums (due) (~~xxxxxxx~~) ~~xxxxxxx-xxxxxxx~~ Pesos  
for policy of  
2,000 pesos only.  
21 Sep Effective date of policy 1 Jan 42 SN 9001268  
1940 ~~xxxxxxx-xxxxxxx-xxxxxxx~~ Premiums to be deducted  
as determined by GCF. HAF.

If the individual had no contract insurance, or having applied for contract insurance, he died prior to the effective date of the policy, entry will be "No Record" or "None" as illustrated below:

Examples:

a. Entry appearing in the old GSEIP-PA Form 6 or the Insurance Record Form accomplished by the Insurance Division, HAF, or by the Administrative Section, PA Branch, this Division is "No Record". This means that the individual had no contract insurance. Entry in the second line of par 1 f (7) will be "No Record".

b. The Insurance Record shows that the individual was insured in the amount of \$1,000.00 effective 1 Mar 42. Evidence however shows that the individual was killed in action on 28 Feb 42. In this case, the policy never took effect and therefore the individual had no contract insurance. Entry in all the blanks of par 1 (7) will be "None".

Par 1 f (8) - Guerrilla and Emergency Currency (Refer to par 2, DCS USAFFE MEMO #22-D)

Data on payments made in guerrilla or emergency currency will be copied from par (9), of Form 9 or from evidence on file, or may be based on policies of this Division regarding guerrilla or emergency currency received by members of certain recognized guerrilla units like the Cebu Area Command. Currency entered in this paragraph will always be expressed in Philippine Currency.

Par 1 f (9) - Accrual of Pay (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #23-D.)

Par 1 f (10) - Other Indebtedness (Refer to par 3, DCS USAFFE MEMO #22-D and par 1 a, 1A-D)

Any indebtedness will not likely appear in Form 9 or Form 23, but may be found among the supporting papers on file. If there is no indebtedness, the word "None" will be entered.

Par 3 - Termination of Casualty Status (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #23-D)

The Adjuster will attach the prepared mimeographed form of paragraph 3 applicable to the case, supply the necessary data, and sign the form at the bottom thereof. The following forms of paragraph 3 are to be used:

DCS USAFPE MEMO #A-D, Cont'd -

a. In cases of actual or determined death where the individual died while in a status with entitlement to pay (Belonged, POW, or Missing) on or prior to 23 Oct 44:

"3. After a full review of evidence on file in this headquarters, it is concluded for purposes of the Missing Persons Act, that subject individual died at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_, and that the casualty status of subject individual terminated on 23 October 1944."

b. In cases of actual or determined death where the individual died while in a No Casualty Status, or after 23 Oct 44:

"3. After a full review of evidence on file in this headquarters, it is concluded for purposes of the Missing Persons Act, that subject individual died at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_, and that the casualty status of subject individual terminated on this date."

c. In Findings of Death Cases:

"3. After a full review of evidence on file in this headquarters, it is concluded for purposes of the Missing Persons Act, that subject individual having been in a missing status for more than 12 months, and there being no evidence to indicate that he may be alive, a finding of death is warranted with \_\_\_\_\_ as the date of death for purposes of termination of pay status and settlement of accounts."

d. In cases where the individual died after returning to military control:

"3. After a full review of evidence on file in this headquarters, it is concluded for purposes of the Missing Persons Act, that subject individual died at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_, after having returned to military control. The Casualty Status of subject individual terminated on \_\_\_\_\_ (Day prior to return to military control)"

In filling up paragraph 3, the place of death must be stated, followed by "Philippines", thus:

Camp O'Donnell, Camp, Tarlac, Philippines or Bataan, Philippines.

If the locality can not be ascertained, the word "Philippines" will suffice. The date of death will be written in full, without abbreviations, thus:

23 January 1942

The typist will copy this paragraph exactly the adjutant's name. On the right hand side below this paragraph, on all sheets, the Enquirer will stamp his name, rank, branch of service and designation, and sign all the forms.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority NAIDR 683074

DCS USATTS MEMO #1-D, Cont'd -

2. Section II. - The words "AFESPAC" and "(WD Radio No: 252148 Z, 25 Oct 45)" appearing on the second line of the paragraph should be deleted and the word "PHILTYCOM" substituted for AFESPAC. On the third line, the words "AFESPAC (Ltr 13 Nov 45)" should be deleted and the word "PHILTYCOM" substituted. "BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL STEIN" should be deleted and the words "FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL" will be written instead. Under this, the following will be typed:

Payment made by Check No. \_\_\_\_\_  
in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_  
on \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticating Officer: The name, rank, branch of service, and designation of the authenticating officer shall be typed in the appropriate space below the words "FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL", thus:

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

DWANE R. ESSAM  
1st Lt, AGD  
Asst Director

-----  
/s/ DWANE R. ESSAM  
/t/ DWANE R. ESSAM  
1st Lt, AGD  
EX O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AWD 53073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - RYUKYU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

LPO 707

DCS BEAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 240 )

EFFECTIVITY OF BEAFFE MEMORANDUMS

1. All BEAFFE MEMORANDUMS will be effective at the time and on the date such memorandums are announced to the Adjustors verbally or in writing. Effective date will be entered in the Master Policy file by the OIC of each building.

2. Adjudication completed by Adjustors prior to receipt of change in policy will be processed under the policy in effect on date of Adjudication except in rare cases when in the opinion of the Executive Officer, Deceased Claims Affairs, such processing would be of great detriment to the government or the individual, in which cases special instructions will be issued.

/s/ Duane R. Tressan  
/w/ DUANE R. TRESSAN  
1st Lt. AGD  
Sx C for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED

Authority: E.O. 13526

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - RIYUNUS CORPS  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFG 707

DOS USAFPR MEMORANDUM )

No. 3-D )

CONFLICTS OF POLICIES OR OF EVIDENCE

1. Whenever there is a conflict of policies in the determination of a claim, the case should be referred to the Executive Officer of the Deceased Claims Affairs. If in the view of the Ex O, DCA, a change in policy is indicated the case will be referred to the Chief, PA Branch for appropriate action.

2. Where statements, information, or evidence in a claim are in conflict with one another, determinations will be made which best protect the interest of the government.

/s/ DUNN F. ESSAM  
/s/ DUNN F. ESSAM  
1st Lt AGD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED

Authority: E.O. 13526

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - HONOLULU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFM 707

DCS USAFFE HONOLULU )

No. (4-D)

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

1. Regardless of who the affiant may be, an affidavit must be sworn to before a person authorized to administer oaths. Judges, Justices of the Peace, Clerks of Court, Municipal Mayors, Notaries Public, etc., are among those authorized to administer oath. Generally, all officials appointed by the President of the Philippines are authorized to administer oath. All commissioned officers of the Army of the Philippines on active duty, being Presidential appointees, may therefore administer oath.
2. Certificates are acceptable from any commissioned officer but must contain the words "I certify" or "This is to certify".
3. True copies of documents certified by commissioned officers are acceptable as evidence to substantiate a claim.

/s/ Duane E. Essam  
/s/ DUANE E. ESSAM  
1st Lt. ASD  
Sx O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: E.O. 13526

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - PYUKUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFD 707

DCS USAFFE WASHINGTON )  
NO. 5-D )

MILITARY IDENTITY

1. USAFFE- The identification of USAFFE personnel is established by one or more of the following types of proofs:

a. Official Military Records:

- (1) National Service Life Insurance Record (prior to 7 May 42).
- (2) Casualty Record showing that subject individual was killed in action, captured, or died, or was treated at a Field Hospital for battle wounds or sickness prior to 7 May 42.
- (3) POW records and death certificates of those concentrated in O'Donnell Concentration Camp when the military character of subject individual is indicated. Military Character is deemed sufficiently indicated when his rank and army serial number, or either of them, appear thereon.
- (4) Extract slip of an archive on file in this Division making reference to monies received, appointment, promotion, etc., establishing service prior to 7 May 42.

b. Special Orders:

- (1) Orders calling an individual to active duty supported by evidence that he so reported prior to 7 May 42.
- (2) Promotion Orders (prior to 7 May 42).

c. Affidavits or Certificates:

- (1) Affidavits or certificates proving USAFFE Service must conform with the following requirements:
  - (a) They must identify the subject individual as a member of the Philippine Army or Philippine Constabulary:
  - (b) They must establish actual induction into and/or service in the USAFFE prior to 7 May 42. Service in the USAFFE may be inferred from the fact that the soldier was seen in the Battlefield, on the Death March, or in the Concentration Camp;
  - (c) They must be executed by personnel who by reason of their previous official military position or assignment may be presumed

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority E.O. 13526

DCS USAPFB MEMO 85-D, Cont'd -

to know the facts. Such persons include, but are not limited to unit commanders, Executive Officers, Personnel Officers, First Sergeants, Platoon Sergeants, Squad Leaders, and Company Clerks. When affiant does not indicate that statement is based on previous official military position, the rank of the affiant must be equal to or higher than that of the deceased.

(2) Statements from local municipal officials such as Provincial Governors, Municipal Mayors and Chiefs of Police when such statements indicate that existing municipal records show that the deceased soldier was called to active duty and that he so reported for active duty, or affidavits of Commonwealth Officials such as Provincial Governors, Municipal Mayors and Chiefs of Police who were incumbents in 1941-1942, and who had knowledge of such facts. Such affidavits must show that the soldier was called to active duty and that he so reported for active duty. Statements failing to meet the requirements of either one of these two points will not be accepted.

d. In the adjudication of a large number of cases it is not uncommon for a case to be submitted which meets the intent of procedure but lacks the "letter" of it. In cases where supporting evidence is technically deficient but where it is obvious or highly probable that the claim for USAPFB service is legitimate, the adjudicator may admit such evidence, if he so desires, supporting his conclusions in a Memorandum for Record to be made a part of the 201 File.

e. A case will be considered "Negative" for arrears in pay even if USAPFB status is established in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, if the soldier died, became missing (Whereabouts Unknown) or otherwise ceased to be in active service prior to 9 Dec 41.

2. USAPFB-GUERRILLA:

a. Any of the proofs required for purely USAPFB personnel.

b. Affidavits or certificates of the Guerrilla Unit Commander or of any two members, preferably commissioned officers, belonging to the same unit, showing the period of active guerrilla service and a general description of the duties performed. This requirement must be complied with whether or not the individual is a recognized guerrilla.

3. A Claim for a USAPFB-Guerrilla which fails to establish identity of the individual as a USAPFB will be treated as a Civilian Guerrilla claim and will be adjudicated in accordance with the adjudication memorandums applicable to his guerrilla unit.

/s/ DORIS E. REES  
/s/ DONALD R. WESMAN  
let it JGD  
Pc O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA 5015073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE-MILITARY COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFPO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
: )  
No. 6-D )

STATUS OF PHILIPPINE CONSTABULARY

1. The entire Philippine Constabulary was inducted into the service of the United States Army Forces in the Far East on 17 December 1941 (Auth: Paragraph 6, Par 14 "Notes to Philippine Army, 1941-1942", prepared by the Philippine Research and Information Section, Advance Echelon, USAFFE, APO 501, dated 26 January 1945). The units and personnel of the "Pre-War Philippine Constabulary" are in the service of the United States Army in the Far East (Auth: Paragraph 1, Letter, HQ USAFFE, dtd 12 December 1944, PMA), subj: "Status of Philippine Constabulary".

2. Members of the Philippine Constabulary who were in active service on or after 17 Dec 41 as shown in any of the types of proof mentioned in par 1, DCS USAFFE MEMO #5-D, will be presumed to have been automatically inducted into the USAFFE. Members who were in active service on 8 Dec 41 but who ceased to be in such service prior to 17 Dec 41 by reason of causes other than death in action, disability in action, or missing in action, against the enemy, will not be presumed to have been inducted, but must prove actual induction into the USAFFE by means of official records of induction or affidavits or certificates of persons who, by reason of their official military position, may be presumed to know the facts.

3. The identity of a member of the Philippine Constabulary may be determined from the individual's organization. The "Pre-War Philippine Constabulary" was a command separate from the Philippine Army. It had its own Headquarters in Manila, a General Service Troop stationed at Camp Cramer, and provincial commands numbered consecutively in each province, like 1st Batang Co, PC, 1st Pangasinan Co, PC, 2nd Pangasinan Co, PC, etc., Constabulary units that reached Batuan were organized, and formed the main strength of the 2d Regular Division.

/s/ Duane R. Egan  
/s/ DUANE R. EGAN  
1st Lt. GPO  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

(Revised effective 29 July 47)

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE-INDIAN COMBINED  
REMOVED PERSONNEL DIVISION

LPO 707

PCS USAFFE WASHINGTON )

No. 7-0 )

PROOF OF DEATH

1. Death of a soldier may be established by conclusive proof or reasonably conclusive proof of death.

a. Proof of death is considered conclusive when upon consideration of the circumstances of death, and the reliability of the sources of information, the quantity of evidence establishes an absolute certainty as to the fact and circumstances of death, and identity of the individual. The following may be considered conclusive proof of death is uncontradicted in any material aspect:

- (1) Certified true copies of Death Certificates issued by Local Civil Registrars when it is evident on their face that the original entries were made on or shortly after the date of death.
- (2) Certificates of death issued by duly established medical institutions based on existing records accompanied by a statement signed by the custodian thereof that the original records were made by one whose official duty was to record such events and that the entries thereon were made on or shortly after the date of death.
- (3) Affidavits signed by the medical officer or physician who attended the deceased at the time of death, giving the date, place and cause of death.
- (4) Affidavits of at least two disinterested persons who personally knew the deceased in life and who actually saw and positively identified the dead body or were present at the burial. The affidavits must state the circumstances surrounding the death and the circumstances under which these circumstances came to affiants' knowledge, and these circumstances must be such as to have been likely in the normal course of events.
- (5) Any of the proofs outlined in paragraph b, below, corroborated by a statement of the next of kin that he was present at the time of death, or saw the dead body of the deceased.

b. Proof of death is considered only reasonably conclusive when the evidence, taken together, does not establish an absolute certainty as to the fact and circumstances of death and the identity of the individual but ver-

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: MAN 553073

DCS USAF 1990 No. 7-D, Cont'd -

rants a reasonable and logical conclusion as to the fact of death and identity of the individual. Reports of death based on records whose accuracy have not been fully established, or statements of actual perception of the fact of death known under circumstances not fully explained are only reasonably conclusive. Where the totality of evidence in the case is not unanimous as to particulars of date, place, cause and other circumstances of death, though unanimous as to the fact of death, the proof is only reasonably conclusive. The following are by themselves alone considered only reasonably conclusive proofs of death:

(1) Death Certificates and casualty reports issued by the Veterans Affairs Division, WAF, or by the Philippine Executive Commission and Bureau of Public Welfare.

(2) Official Guerrilla Casualty Rosters of KIA, MIA, and DIED

(3) Burial Certificates (Church records)

(4) Affidavits or statements of persons based on actual perception of death not strictly in conformity with par 4 (a) above.

2. Where the evidence does not indicate actual death, but leaves a possibility of survival, a finding of death is justified and the individual may be presumed dead. In such cases, the following are necessary:

(a) Date and place where he was last seen or heard from after 7 Dec 41 must be shown either in Official records or affidavits of two or more disinterested persons who personally knew the deceased, together with

(b) Affidavits of two or more disinterested persons from the soldier's locality, certifying to the fact that soldier has not returned home nor has been heard up to the present.

/s/ Duane H. Eason  
/s/ DUANE I. EASON  
1st Lt. MGD  
TxC O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

(Revised effective 29 July 1947)



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AFD 58 20-73

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - HUKBUNG COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFO 707  
30 July 1947

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 4-D )

DETERMINATION OF DEATH

1. A Determination of Death is made when a person in a casualty status when information and circumstances are deemed reasonably conclusive evidence of death and lead to no other logical conclusion. (Refer to par 1 b, DCS USAFFE WFOG 47-D)
2. Statements of affiants which do not indicate actual perception of the fact of death of an individual, but leaves a possibility of survival will not warrant a Determination of Death but will justify a Finding of Death. (Refer to DCS USAFFE WFOG 47-D). Such statements as "he was hit by bombs", "he was machinegunned", "he was bayoneted by Japs", and the like, are by themselves insufficient to support a Determination of Death.

/s/ Duane E. Essan  
/s/ DUANE E. ESSAN  
1st Lt. AMB  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
RA Branch

Revised effective 30 Jul 47.

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE HYUNDAI COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

(Revised)

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )

AFG 707

No. 9-D )

FINDINGS OF DEATH

1. A Finding of Death is made at any time after the expiration of twelve months' absence in any case of a person absent, missing, or missing in action (whereabouts unknown), when information is received or upon a lapse of time without information is deemed to establish a reasonable presumption that the person in the missing status is no longer alive. It is the means of establishing death by presumption when the evidence does not warrant official report of the fact and date of death. The circumstances which might have surrounded the presumed death are not attempted to be determined. (Refer to par 3, DCS USAFFE MEMO #7-D, for proof required).

2. In no case shall the presumed date of death be subsequent to the date the finding is made or earlier than the date following the expiration of twelve months' absence. The presumed date of death shall be fixed in accordance with the following rules:

a. In individual who was last seen, heard from, accounted for, or reported to be alive prior to 23 Oct 43 shall be presumed dead on 23 Oct 44.

b. In individual who was last seen, heard from, accounted for, or reported to be alive on or after 23 Oct 43 shall be presumed dead on the day following the expiration of twelve months from the date he was last seen, heard from, accounted for, or reported to be alive.

3. Where the individual was determined to be in a status with entitlement to pay (Belaguered, POW, or Missing) on the date of disappearance, he will be carried in a Missing Status and entitled to pay up to the date of presumed death. If, however, he was in a No Casualty Status, he will be carried in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay during the entire period of absence.

EXAMPLES:

a. Two returnees stated in their affidavits that the deceased soldier belonged to their unit, and was ill with malaria and dysentery on the fall of Butuan. That on or about 14 Apr 42, while they were resting in a barn yard at Lubo, Pampanga during the Sixth March, the deceased became unconscious and was on the "verge of death". A Sgt. guard dragged him behind the barn, and that was the last time they saw him. They were sure that the guard killed the deceased because when the guard returned, he was wiping a bloody bayonet.

(Revised)

DCS USAFFE MEMO (9-0), Cont'd -

This is a finding of death. The affiants had no direct knowledge of the fact of death of the individual. Their statement about the soldier's death was only a conclusion of fact, which though highly probable, still leaves a possibility, no matter how slim, that the soldier may not have died. His status will be:

Belonged	8 Dec 41 - 9 Apr 42
POB	10 Apr 42 - 14 Apr 42
Missing	15 Apr 42 - 23 Oct 44

b. An individual was last seen in the firing line at Bagac, Batang on 15 Mar 42. His status will be:

Belonged	8 Dec 41 - 15 Mar 42
Missing	16 Mar 42 - 23 Oct 44

He is presumed dead on 23 Oct 44. He is carried in a Missing Status and entitled to pay during the period of absence.

c. An individual escaped from Batang and returned home 15 Apr 42. He lived a normal mode of life and was last seen in his farm on 1 Sep 43. His status will be:

Belonged	8 Dec 41 - 9 Apr 42
Missing	10 Apr 42 - 14 Apr 42
No Casualty Status	15 Apr 42 - 23 Oct 44

He is presumed dead on 23 Oct 44. He is carried in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay up to the date of presumed death.

d. From 1 Jan 43, a USAFFE soldier, not being a spy, was employed in a Japanese-controlled agency. On 14 Nov 43, while still employed, he was arrested by the Japanese Military Police in his home for suspected anti-Japanese activities. That was the date he was last seen. His status for the period will be:

No Casualty Status	1 Jan 43 - 13 Nov 43
POB	14 Nov 43 - 14 Nov 43
Missing	15 Nov 43 - 15 Nov 44

The presumed date of death is 15 Nov 44. The missing status from 15 Nov 43 to 15 Nov 44 is with entitlement to pay.

e. In the same example, given in (d) above, if the soldier was not arrested by the Japanese but merely disappeared for unknown reasons on 14 Nov 43, his status for the same period will be:

No Casualty Status	1 Jan 43 - 15 Nov 44
--------------------	----------------------

DECLASSIFIED

Authority E.O. 13526

DCS USEPFB MEMO (9-5, Cont'd -

(Revised)

This presumed dead on 15 Nov 46, but since his whereabouts became unknown while he was in a No Casualty Status, he will be carried in a No Casualty Status until the presumed date of death.

/s/ Duane R. Hagan  
/s/ DUANE R. HEGAN  
1st Lt AGO  
Executive Officer for DCA, Ft. Br

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - JAPANESE COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AGO 707

DCS MESSAGE MEMORANDUM }  
No. 10-8 }

DEATH CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY THE EXECUTIVE  
COMMISSION AND BY THE BUREAU OF PUBLIC WELFARE

1. Among the various forms of proofs of death, claimants submit death certificates issued during the Japanese occupation by the Philippine Executive Commission or by the Bureau of Public Welfare. For the proper evaluation of such Certificates, the following pertinent facts shall be used as guide:

- (a) The Philippine Executive Commission functioned from 23 Jan 42 until 15 Oct 43 under the Japanese Administration. On 14 Oct 43, the Philippine Republic during the Japanese occupation was formed.
- (b) In June 1943 the Philippine Executive Commission began issuing death notifications to the next of kin of deceased Philippine Army personnel and ceased doing so on 15 Oct 43.
- (c) The Bureau of Public Welfare also issued death notifications to next of kin of deceased Philippine Army personnel during the Japanese occupation.
- (d) All notices of death or death certificates issued by the Philippine Executive Commission and by the Bureau of Public Welfare during the Japanese occupation are considered official notices of death.

/s/ Duane R. Egan  
/s/ CHASE R. ESEAN  
1st Lt ACD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

10-2

MEMORANDUM  
PHILIPPINE ARMY COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIMS SECTION, 7A BRANCH

23 July 1947

DCS MEMORANDUM )  
: )  
NUMBER.....10 )

1. Based on requirements of the Judge Advocate General, Army of the Philippines, the following changes in the Standard Operating Procedure in the processing of claims in this Section are announced, effective this date:

a. Proof of acknowledgment - In all cases where the heirs of deceased Philippine Army Personnel claim to be acknowledged natural children, or acknowledging parents, any of the following proofs will be sufficient to establish the fact of acknowledgment:

- (1) Original or certified true copies of the judicial decree of acknowledgment.
- (2) A will, duly probated in court, in which the child is acknowledged.
- (3) A public instrument in which the child is acknowledged, showing consent of the child if of legal age, or with the consent of the court if the child is a minor.
- (4) Certification by the Judge who issued the acknowledgment papers certifying to such acknowledgment or affidavits of two disinterested persons certifying to the issuance by a competent court of acknowledgment papers, together with a certificate of loss or destruction of the pertinent records by the legal custodian, or in lieu thereof, affidavits regarding such loss or destruction by two disinterested persons.
- (5) Affidavits of two disinterested persons certifying to the fact of continuous possession of the status of an acknowledged natural child.
- (6) With respect to the mother only, the birth certificate or baptismal certificate, or affidavits of two disinterested persons certifying to the fact of birth and identity of the child.

5. Proof of legitimation - If the marriage of the parents of a natural child took place after said child was born, proof of such marriage and proof of birth of the child must be submitted together with proof of the legal acknowledgment by both parents of the child prior to or after celebration of the marriage in accordance with any of the modes of acknowledgment outlined in par a, above.

(Revised)

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - MARYAS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

APO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 11-3 )

ARBITRARY DATES OF DEATH OF POW'S AT CAMP O'DONNELL,  
CAMP, EDLES, FAR EASTERN UNIVERSITY AND FORT SANTIAGO

1. Where the fact of death of a soldier is established to have occurred while a POW at Camp O'Donnell, Camp, Tarlac, and the exact or approximate date of death is not known, the soldier will be determined to have died on 23 Jan 45, the last date that Concentration Camp exists as such. (Also see DCS USAFFE MEMO 384-3).

2. Where the fact of death of a soldier is established to have occurred in February 1945 while a prisoner of War of the Japanese at Far Eastern University or Fort Santiago, and the exact date of death is not known, the date of death will be determined to be 4 Feb 45 if at Far Eastern University, and 7 Feb 45 if at Fort Santiago. It has been determined that when the American Liberation Forces arrived, the Japanese massacred their prisoners at Far Eastern University and Fort Santiago on these dates.

3. Determination of a date of death later than the above mentioned dates may be made only on the basis of the most credible evidence on file.

/s/ Duane D. Egan  
/t/ DUANE D. EGAN  
1st Lt. ASD  
Sgt C for DCL, FA Br

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority ANADSS 3071

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - RYUJUSU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

APR 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 12-D )

BELEAGUERED STATUS

1. Beleaguered Status is the period between 8 Dec 41, the date War was declared, and 6 May 42, the official date of surrender, when the USAFFE and later USFIP had organized resistance against the enemy. An individual who was in active service in any organized USAFFE unit between 8 Dec 41 and 6 May 42 will be determined to be in a Beleaguered Status and entitled to pay during the period of such active service. A USAFFE unit shall be considered an organized unit even if separated or cut off from its mother organization as long as it continued active resistance against the enemy as a unit.

2. An individual's beleaguered status will commence on 8 Dec 41 or date of commencement of active service, whichever is later, regardless of his actual date of induction into the USAFFE.

3. Beleaguered Status may be interrupted or terminated in any of the following cases:

- a. Capture by the enemy
- b. Surrender to the enemy
- c. Separation from one's unit (other than authorized) including Missing in Action (whereabouts unknown)
- d. Disbandment of unit or disintegration of unit in combat

Beleaguered Status interrupted in any of the above given cases may be regained upon rejoining any organized USAFFE unit prior to 6 May 42. An individual who was separated from his unit in accordance with orders from competent authority in order to carry out an official mission shall be determined in a Beleaguered Status as long as he was engaged in accomplishing that mission.

4. Beleaguered Status will not extend beyond 9 Apr 42, date Batuan officially fell, for those who were in Batuan, and 6 May 42 for those elsewhere in the Philippines.

5. Where the commencement date of active service of a deceased USAFFE personnel can not be determined from the evidence on file, he will be determined in a Beleaguered Status from 8 Dec 41. Similarly, where the place of service can not be determined, his beleaguered status will not extend beyond 6 May 42.

/s/ Duane D. BROWN  
/s/ DUANE D. BROWN  
1st Lt AGD  
Rm O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
Branch

12-0



HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - HONOLULU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFG 707

DCS USAFPO MEMORANDUM )  
No. 13-D )

POW STATUS

1. An individual will be determined to be in a POW Status and entitled to pay during periods when he was held under physical restraint, that is, concentration, confinement, or internment, by the Japanese or their controlled agencies, by reason of his previous military status or suspected Anti-Japanese activities.
2. An individual held under physical restraint by any guerrilla unit or by the United States Army on suspicion of disloyalty is not a POW.
3. The POW register and Death Roster of those concentrated at Camp O'Donnell, Cagay, Tarlac which are available in this Section will conclusively determine the POW status of an individual regardless of evidence submitted to the contrary. In the event the individual's name is not carried in either of these records, or POW status is claimed for having been confined somewhere else, his POW status will be determined to be such as may be established by satisfactory evidence.
4. Where an individual was concentrated at O'Donnell Concentration Camp, and the date when his POW status began can not be determined from the evidence, he will be presumed to have been a Prisoner of War from 7 May 42. Similarly, when the date of termination of his POW status can not be determined, he will be presumed to have been a Prisoner of War until 25 Jun 45, the last date when that Concentration Camp existed as such.

/s/ DUANE R. EGAN  
/c/ DUANE R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGC  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PL Branch

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - FIUKYUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFPO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 14-D )

MISSING STATUS

1. Missing Status is the period an individual is determined to be in a casualty status with entitlement to pay other than beleaguered and POW status. The following are considered in a Missing Status:

a. A person who evaded capture, or fled to the hills, or remained in hiding to avoid capture, until his return to military control, will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay for such period.

b. Period of Restraint: A person whose active service in or for the military forces of the United States was terminated as a result of the enemy occupation and who was permitted to return home, or a person who evaded capture, but returned to his home, or a person who was captured and imprisoned or interned by the enemy but was thereafter released (refer to par 1, a, b, and c, DCS USAFFE MEMO #15-D) who can prove that material restraint was imposed on him or that he suffered "serious deprivation" to an extent greater than the restrictions, inconveniences, and lowered standards of living generally suffered by other residents incident to the Japanese occupation as a direct result of his former official status under the United States, will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay for the period such condition existed. The burden of proof rests with the claimant.

c. Period of Illness: A person will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay during periods of service-connected illness, provided that such illness seriously impaired the earning power of the individual and caused deprivation and hardship to an extent greater than that generally suffered by the other residents incident to the Japanese occupation. It is realized that this determination will be very difficult to make in most cases. Adjudicators are therefore authorized to extend the "benefit of the doubt" in making this determination. It can be assumed that such illnesses as Dysentery, Beri-beri, Malaria and Malnutrition are service-connected. Where a soldier died of any of these diseases within six months after escape from Bataan or after release or escape from the Concentration Camp, he may, lacking evidence to the contrary, be presumed to have been ill with that disease from the time of escape or release until his death. In all other cases, the fact of such illness must be established by affidavit of the attending physician or by statement of an established medical institution. However, where an individual was treated in a military hospital, he will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay during the period of hospitalization, unless there is evidence showing that illness was not service-connected.

14-3

IGS USAFHS MEMO #14-D, Cont'd -

d. Disability - an individual suffering from a service-connected disability such as loss of or loss of the use of any one or more limbs, loss of sight of one eye, etc., will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay. Affidavits of commissioned officers who by reason of their duties were in a position to know the facts, may be accepted to substantiate a claim for disability resulting from injury in the battlefield.

e. Guerrilla Service - A person will be determined to be in a Missing Status and entitled to pay during periods of active guerrilla service or active participation in the Anti-Japanese movement. Guerrilla service will be proved by affidavits or certificates of the guerrilla unit commander or any two members, preferably commissioned officers, belonging to the same unit who will identify themselves as such in the affidavits or certificates, and state the periods of active service and a general description of the duties performed. Credit will not be given for guerrilla service of a person who is claimed to be an agent of the guerrillas when such claim is merely based on the fact that he provided a meager amount of information to another authentic agent. In order to claim service as an agent of a guerrilla unit, it must be clearly shown that the person was duly appointed as an agent and ordered by competent authority to perform these duties.

f. Spy Status - A USAFHS-Guerrilla personnel who was employed by the Japanese or Japanese-controlled agency in any capacity other than as a Prisoner of War will be determined to be in a Missing Status and entitled to pay for the entire period of employment if satisfactory evidence is presented in the form of affidavit that he was "planted" as a spy in that agency for the purpose of gathering and furnishing his guerrilla unit with information of military importance and that he had complied with the instructions of his superior officers. Such affidavit, in order to be accepted as proof, should be executed by his guerrilla commander who must be at least a Battalion or similar unit commander. Units similar to battalion are: Squadrons, Separate Companies, Separate Troops, Separate Batteries or Separate Detachments. The affiant must describe himself in the affidavit as the individual's battalion or similar unit, or higher commander. In order to establish spy status it is essential that the claimant was a member of a guerrilla unit before he was "planted". Exceptions will be those who were pressed into employment in a Japanese-controlled agency while in the concentration camp, and were thereafter recruited as spies. Decision in such cases will be made only by Ex G, ICS or higher official of AFPO.

g. Civilian Employment During the Liberation: An individual who was employed by the United States Army or Philippine Commonwealth Government during the Liberation and prior to return to military control, in any capacity other than military, whether or not a regular salary was received therefore, will be determined to be in a Missing Status with entitlement to pay for the period of such employment provided that the following deductions from arrears in pay will be indicated in paragraph 1 f (10) - other indebtedness:

- (1) If the individual received a salary lower than that to which he was entitled for the same period in a military capacity, the amount received will be entered.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority NND 883073

DCS USAFFE MEMO #24-D Cont'd -

- (2) If the individual received a salary higher than that to which he was entitled for the same period in a military capacity, entry will be: "Deduct the total amount due as \_\_\_\_\_ for the period \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_." For example:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Grade) (Date)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Date)

A private in the USAFFE was employed by the PCMU from 1 Feb 45 to 31 Mar 45 with a salary of \$100.00. Entry in par 1 f (10) will be "Deduct the total amount due as private for the period 1 Feb 45 - 31 Mar 45".

Appropriate deduction will also be entered in par 1 f (10) where a member of the USAFFE is listed in the approved Troop or Casualty Roster of a recognized guerrilla unit, even if he was so employed by the United States Army or Philippine Commonwealth government after the date he was determined to have returned to military control in accordance with par 2, DCS USAFFE MEMO #16-D.

h. Period of Absence, Missing or Missing in Action (whereabouts unknown) in Findings of Death cases - (Refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #9-D.)

/s/ Duane R. Egan  
/t/ DUANE R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED

Authority NAID 572073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - SYRIUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

APO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )

No. 15-D )

NO CASUALTY STATUS

1. No Casualty Status is the period during which an individual is determined not entitled to pay. The following are considered in a No Casualty Status:

a. A person whose active service in or for the military forces of the United States was terminated as a result of the enemy occupation and who returned, or was permitted to return to his home and pursue a normal mode of living, will be determined to be in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay after the date of termination of such active service until he actively joined a guerrilla unit or actively participated in the anti-Japanese movement or returned to military control.

b. A person who evaded capture, but returned to his home and continued a normal mode of living, will be determined to be in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay from the day he returned home until he actively joined a guerrilla unit, or actively participated in the anti-Japanese movement, or returned to military control.

c. A person who was captured and imprisoned or interned by the enemy but was thereafter released will be determined to be in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay from the date of his release until he actively joined a guerrilla unit or actively participated in the anti-Japanese movement or returned to military control.

d. A person who was employed by the Japanese or any Japanese controlled agency in any capacity other than as a Prisoner of War, will be determined to be in a No Casualty Status and not entitled to pay during the entire period of employment, unless he can prove a "Boy Status" in accordance with par 1 f, DCS USAFFE MEMO #14-D. The Status and entitlement to pay during the period of employment, will be determined without regard to the findings of the Loyalty Status Board, HAF, whose Certificate of Clearance is not a prerequisite to adjudication of a USAFFE case.

2. The periods for "No Casualty Status" in paragraph 1 b, DCSM-71 Form 6, will be copied in paragraph 1 c, of the same form and the following remarks indicated under the Column "Reason":

See IV, Par 1 e, WD Plan.

a. Section IV, paragraph 1 e, War Department Plan for Casualty Administration upon Reoccupation of the Philippines is quoted hereunder for the information of all adjutants:

15-D

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: E.O. 13526

DCS USAPPE 1990 #15-D, Cont'd -

IV. Operation of the Plan.

1. General principles to govern: (Except as otherwise provided for Philippine Army in Section VII).

\* \* \* \* \*

- e. Determination or redetermination of whether or not military personnel or civilian employees are to be officially carried as missing or missing in action for any period requires consideration of the effects of enemy action upon the individual as to restraint imposed, separation from residence or family, lack of employment or means of livelihood, and other direct effects of hazards of war. A mere termination or suspension of official military or employment status by enemy occupation which has not deprived a resident of reasonable freedom of action and opportunity of livelihood, and has not caused him or his dependents to suffer serious deprivation by reason of his former official status, is not an absence occasioned by enemy action with entitlement during same to full pay and allowances of former employment, and hence does not warrant an official determination or redetermination of missing or missing in action.

\* \* \* \* \*

/s/ Duane R. Egan  
/s/ DUANE R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGD  
Rm C For Deceased Claims Affairs  
7A Branch

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - MILITARY COMMAND  
REPLACEMENT PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFD 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
: )  
No. 16-D )

DETERMINATION OF INCLUSIVE DATES OF  
AN INDIVIDUAL'S STATUS

1. The status of a member of the USAFFE shown in par 1 b, GSNP-24 Form 4 will be determined from the date he entered into a Sealed-guard Status until the date of death or one day prior to his return to military control if he died after returning to military control.
2. An individual will be considered to have returned to military control on the date he reported to a Replacement Battalion for processing, regardless of the date he was actually processed. A member of the USAFFE whose name is listed in an approved Troop or Casualty Roster of a recognized Guerrilla unit will be considered to have returned to military control on the date current pay for his unit commenced as determined by policies of this Division governing his guerrilla unit, or the date he reported to a replacement battalion for processing, whichever is earlier. However, an individual who was unable to report for processing and who died after the date when current pay for his unit commenced will not be considered to have returned to military control if there is evidence in the form of an affidavit or certificate of his Commanding Officer, Executive Officer, or Finance Officer that he was never paid any amount from the date current pay for his unit commenced up to the date of death. His status will be determined up to the date of death.
3. Each status will begin on the date the individual entered into that status, and will terminate on the day prior to the date he entered into another status, without regard to the time of the day the change actually occurred. However, where an individual entered into a status which lasted only for a fraction of a day, he will be determined to be in that status for the whole day. The date of death will always be the terminal date of the last status, except where the individual died after returning to military control in which case, the terminal date of the last status will be the day prior to return to military control.

Examples:

(a) A soldier was inducted into the USAFFE on 5 Dec 41. He fought in Batang, was concentrated at Camp O'Donnell, Capas, Tarlac, and released on 31 Jul 42. He stayed at home and began active guerrilla service only on 18 Oct 43. On the night of 12 Dec 44, while in the performance of his duties, he was captured by the Japanese and beheaded on the spot.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AMNDS 13071

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM No. 16-D, Cont'd -

The inclusive dates of his status are as follows:

	From	To
Belonged	8 Dec 41	9 Apr 42
☐	10 Apr 42	30 Jul 42
No Casualty Status	31 Jul 42	15 Oct 43
Missing	16 Oct 43	11 Dec 44
☐	12 Dec 44	12 Dec 44

(b) In the case given above, suppose the soldier was not killed by the Japs, but was able to escape from his captors on the same night, and promptly continued his guerrilla activities until liberation. On 26 Apr 45, he reported to Camp Murphy for processing but was actually processed on 30 Apr 45. He was honorably discharged on 1 Aug 45, and died on 1 Oct 45.

His status will be as follows:

	From	To
Belonged	8 Dec 41	9 Apr 42
☐	10 Apr 42	30 Jul 42
No Casualty Status	31 Jul 42	15 Oct 43
Missing	16 Oct 43	11 Dec 44
☐	12 Dec 44	12 Dec 44
Missing	13 Dec 44	25 Apr 45

His activities from 26 Apr 45 to date of death will be ignored.

4. In Findings of Death Cases (refer to DCS USAFFE MEMO #3-D), the status during the period of absence will begin on the day following the date the soldier was last seen or heard from. (See examples in DCS USAFFE MEMO #9-D). Where the soldier was determined to be in a Missing Status or No Casualty Status on the date he was last seen or heard from, his status during the period of absence will not be entered separately, but will be a continuation of the preceding Missing or No Casualty Status. For example:

A USAFFE soldier evaded capture when Betwan fell. He was last seen on or about 14 Apr 42 in a bunker near Hagaway, Sulusan.

His Status will be:

	From	To
Belonged	8 Dec 41	9 Apr 42
Missing	10 Apr 42	23 Oct 44

/s/ DUNN E. REAN  
/A/ DUNN E. REAN  
1st Lt AGD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
TL Branch

(Revised 23 Jul 47)



HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - HONOLULU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFPO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 17-C )

GRADES AND PROMOTIONS

1. Original Grades -

a. An individual's grade as of 8 Dec 41 or date of call to active duty, whichever is later, will be determined from the grade shown in Special Orders of Call to active duty, M&M Record, Casualty Report issued by MAP, Extract Slip of an archive on file in this Division, promotion orders issued by authorized headquarters prior to 7 May 42, or from affidavits or persons who, by reason of their official military position, may be presumed to know the facts. Such persons include but are not limited to unit commanders, executive officers, personnel officers, first sergeants, platoon sergeants, squad leaders, and company clerks.

b. Where the USAFFE status of a deceased soldier has been established, but no satisfactory evidence of grade is shown, he shall be determined to be in the lowest grade possible, that is, private; provided however, that where the evidence clearly shows that he was a commissioned officer, he shall be determined to be a 1st Lt.

c. Grades may not be determined on the basis of military position held, except that civilian drivers and mechanics inducted into the USAFFE shall be determined in grades not to exceed the following:

Ambulance Drivers ----- Pvt  
Drivers (other than Ambulance Drivers) ----- Pfc  
Mechanics ----- Cpl

d. When official records and affidavits conflict, official records generally prevail. However, where affidavits show a lower grade or rank than that appearing in POW Records or Death Certificates of those concentrated in Camp O'Donnell, the lower rank shall be taken. Where a higher grade or rank than that appearing in a POW Record or Death Certificate is claimed, the claim must be supported by affidavits of persons who, by reason of their official military position, may be presumed to know the facts.

2. Promotions prior to 7 May 42:

a. Officers - All cases of officers who claim for USAFFE promotion and cases of enlisted men who claim appointment to the commissioned grade prior to 7 May 42, and who promotions or appointments have not yet been acted upon by the Promotion Section, P&M, this Division, or confirmed by appropriate orders from MAP with authority from the Commanding General, AFMAC, AFESPAC, or PHILMTCOM, will be forwarded by check note to the Pro-

LOS USAFFE REGD #17-0, Cont'd -

notion Section prior to adjudication. Claims for promotions or appointments in the commissioned grade that had been disapproved or confirmed will be adjudicated accordingly.

b. Enlisted Men - All enlisted men's promotions prior to 7 May 42 within the enlisted grade will be determined by the adjudicators. Evidence of USAFFE enlisted men's promotion may be any of the following:

- (1) Special Orders issued by HQ, USAFFE or USFIP, Fort Hills, Corregidor.
- (2) Regimental Special Orders for non-commissioned officers.
- (3) Company orders - only for enlisted men claiming promotion to or retention from the grade of Private First Class.
- (4) Confirming orders issued by Headquarters, Army of the Philippines, with authority from the Commanding General, AFPAC, AFPSMAC, or PHILMTCOM.
- (5) Affidavits of persons who, by reason of their official military position, may be presumed to know the facts, stating that orders were in fact issued promoting the enlisted man to the grade in question.
- (6) When a POW Record or Death Certificate issued by HAF shows a grade higher than that shown in the NSLI Record, the deceased will be presumed to have been promoted to the higher rank effective on the first day of the month next following the date of effectivity of the Insurance Policy. However, where the effective date of promotion will be after the termination of his beleaguered status, or where the effect will be promotion from an enlisted to a commissioned grade, the promotion will not be considered, and the lower rank will prevail. Promotions of officers prior to 7 May 42 will not be presumed under this policy.

3. Guerrilla Ranks of USAFFE-Guerrilla Personnel -

a. A guerrilla rank held by a USAFFE-Guerrilla Personnel higher than his USAFFE rank will be considered in the determination of the claim provided that the individual is either individually recognized in that rank or his name and rank appear on the recognized roster of his guerrilla unit. Such grade will commence from the date of recognition or effective date of promotion, whichever is later. All guerrilla promotions subsequent to the date of recognition or date of induction, whichever is later, will be considered provided that the last promoted grade is not higher than that shown on the recognized roster. The only instances of grade higher than that shown on the recognized roster will be considered is when that grade has been confirmed by Headquarters, Army of the Philippines, with authority from the Commanding General, AFPAC, AFPSMAC, or PHILMTCOM.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA/DSS/2011

DCS USAFFE MEMO #17-D, Cont'd-

b. When there exists a discrepancy in the grade held, the following rules will govern:

- (1) In case an individual is carried on a recognized roster in different grades, the lower grade shall be considered his recognized grade.
- (2) If his name appears in more than one roster with different grades, and the rosters bear the same date of recognition, the lower grade shall be considered his recognized grade, and he shall be considered to belong to the unit in whose roster his name appears with a lower grade.
- (3) In case his name is carried on different rosters with different grades, his grade on the roster that was approved earliest shall be considered his recognized grade.

c. In the event that a USAFFE-Guerrilla is carried in a recognized roster of a guerrilla unit with a grade lower than his USAFFE grade, his USAFFE grade will prevail.

4. Promotions After Date of Death - Where an individual was recommended for promotion prior to his death, but such recommendation was approved, and appropriate promotion orders were issued after his death, he shall not be entitled to the pay and allowances corresponding to the higher grade. However, such grade will be considered the highest grade held by him, and will be so entered in Sec I, par 1, GEMRF-FA Form 6.

/s/ Duane R. Essam  
/s/ Duane R. Essam  
1st Lt. ASD  
Ex O for Deceased Claize  
P. Branch

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIAJDS 307J

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - HYUNYUS COMBAND  
ARMORED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFG 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
: )  
No. 18-D )

LINE OF DUTY STATUS IN DEATH CASES

1. Any line of duty status of death reported by this Division must be determined upon the basis of the facts surrounding the death and in accordance with appropriate Army Regulation, irrespective of the determination of the casualty status for purposes of entitlement to benefits under the Missing Persons Act.

2. Par 62, AR 40-1085, 12 Dec 44, provides in pertinent part:

"b. Basic provision for determining line of duty.-- A disease or injury that a militarized person contracts or sustains, while in the active military service of the United States, will be presumed to have been incurred in line of duty, unless there is substantial evidence to show that such disease or injury--

"(1) Occurred under circumstances indicating the presence of the individual's misconduct or willful neglect and unless it is established by a fair preponderance of evidence that such misconduct or willful neglect was the proximate cause of the disease or injury (d below).

"(2) Occurred while the individual was absent from duty without official permission (a below).

"(3) Occurred as the result of the individual's outside activities, not of a class authorized or encouraged by the War Department (f below).

"(4) Existed prior to the individual's current active service and was not aggravated by the service (g below).

"c. General inference.-- Lacking evidence to the contrary, a disease or injury of a militarized person will be presumed to have been service-connected, and, therefore, in line of duty.---- (See also Par 18 F (1), AR 600-600, 23 Dec 44).

/s/ Duane R. Essam  
/s/ DUANE R. ESSAM  
1st Lt AFD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

18-D

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AIA 8873073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE-MILITARY COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AFD 707

DCS USAFFE HONOLULU )  
No. 19-0 )

DATE OF LAST PAYMENT

1. The last date of payment will be the date conclusively proved by the claimant to be the last date soldier was paid in 1941 or 1942 prior to the surrender. If the date can not be proved, the "fixed date" of last payment will be followed as shown in the following list.

<u>Place of Surrender or Escape</u>	<u>Last Paid to Include</u>
<u>LUCAS</u>	
Aparita	30 Nov 41
Comaga	30 Nov 41
Vigan	30 Nov 41
Lopasi	30 Nov 41
Tuguegarao	30 Nov 41
San Fernando (Lingayen Gulf)	30 Nov 41
Mamban-Atimonan Area	30 Nov 41
Mainla	31 Dec 41
Olongapo	31 Dec 41
Bataan	31 Dec 41
Corregidor	28 Feb 42
	31 Mar 42
<u>MINDANAO</u>	
Davao	30 Nov 41
Zamboanga	28 Feb 42
Parang	31 Mar 42
Cotabato	30 Apr 42
All Mindanao	30 Apr 42
<u>Cebu</u>	
Cebu City	31 Mar 42
Toledo	31 Mar 42
Argao	31 Mar 42
Pinasangajan	31 Mar 42
Naga	31 Mar 42
Talisay	31 Mar 42
<u>PARAY</u>	
Iloilo	31 Mar 42
Capiz	31 Mar 42
San Jose de Buenavista	31 Mar 42
Larabuco	31 Mar 42
<u>MINDORO</u>	
Calapan	28 Feb 42

19-0

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority 614533072

DCS USAPF M810 (19-D, Cont'd -

<u>PALAGAN</u>	30 Apr 42
<u>Puerto Princessa</u>	
<u>LURANO</u>	30 Nov 41
<u>SOLE</u>	31 Dec 41
<u>MASBATE</u>	31 Jan 42
<u>ROMBLON</u>	28 Feb 42
<u>HUGHANGL</u>	30 Apr 42
<u>BOREL</u>	30 Apr 42
<u>BACILAN</u>	30 Apr 42
<u>YEBIOS</u>	30 Apr 42

2. In any case where the place of escape or surrender is one not listed above, the deceased soldier will be considered to have been last paid to include 28 Feb 42.

3. Claims that the soldier had been last paid to include a date earlier than that stated in the foregoing list must be supported with an affidavit to this effect from one of the following:

- (1) Soldier's commanding Officer
- (2) Soldier's executive officer
- (3) The Finance Officer who last paid him.

4. If claimant states that the soldier was last paid to include a date later than that shown in the aforementioned list, his statement to that effect will be taken.

/s/ Duane E. Egan  
/s/ Duane E. Egan  
1st Lt. JGD  
Br O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA 582001

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE ARMY QUARTERS CLAIMS  
RECOVERY PERSONNEL DIVISION

PO 709

DD FORM 1300 (REV. 1-55)  
No. 20-0

QUARTERS ALLOWANCE

1. Philippine Army personnel who are married or widowed with children under 18 years are entitled to quarters allowance. The commencement date of such allowance will be determined as follows:

a. Officers and Nurses (Only those commissioned in the War or Air Corps):

- (1) The period of entitlement to quarters allowance will begin on the date of marriage or the day following date of last payment of salary and allowances, whichever is later.
- (2) Entitlement will not in any case begin earlier than 1 Dec 51 or date of call to active duty, whichever is later.

b. Enlisted Men:

- (1) Commencement date will be 1 Jul 48 or date of marriage, whichever is later.

2. The fact of marriage is by itself sufficient to warrant payment of quarters allowance as long as there is no evidence of the wife's death or divorce. The fact of marriage record from the Local Civil Registrar or Church, or by affidavits of at least two reliable persons who had personal knowledge of such fact, stating the date, place, and person who solemnized the marriage.

/s/ DAME R. ESCOBAR  
/s/ DAME R. ESCOBAR  
1st Lt ASD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
R. Branch

20-0

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority NAID 583073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE -RYUKYU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

AGO 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 21-D )

LONGEVITY PAY

1. Information concerning length of service should be of record by affidavits of Commissioned Officers who were in a position to know or a certificate of service issued by Headquarters, Army of the Philippines. The following data shall govern the longevity pay of Deceased Philippine Army personnel as indicated in par 1 f (6), GRRP-PA Form 6:

a. Longevity Pay: (Officers only) Longevity pay in the Philippine Army was suspended 1 Jul 42. Prior to that date longevity pay was paid officers for service rendered prior to 1 Jun 33 in the United States Army, Philippine Scouts, Philippine Constabulary and the United States Military Academy. Longevity pay is computed at the rate of 10% of base pay for every 5 years of service completed prior to 1 Jun 33, compounded every 5 years. Longevity pay rates are listed in the Philippine Army Pay Tables for periods prior to 1 Jul 42 after which date longevity pay was suspended. In no case will longevity pay exceed 80% of base pay. No longevity pay after that date will be included in the arrears due the individual.

/s/ James R. Egan  
/c/ DORIS R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGO  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

21-8



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIN D 553073

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - HONOLULU COMMAND  
RECOMMENDATION PERSONNEL DIVISION

APO 707

DCS USAPTE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 22-D )

DEDUCTIONS FROM ARREARS IN PAY

1. The following items shall constitute a deduction from arrears in pay:

a. Insurance Premiums - National Service Life Insurance (other than gratuitous): Approximately 22,000 members of the Philippine Army were covered by NSLI prior to the collapse of the Philippines. The policies of all these individuals were kept in force by the United States Government throughout the Japanese occupation. Consequently, a deduction of the required monthly payments must be made from the amount of arrears in pay due an individual. Inasmuch as the Finance Service SA, has detailed records, actual amount to be deducted will be as determined by that office. The amount of insurance and the effective date of the policy as shown in the NSLI records will be entered in par 1 f (7). Where however, the soldier died prior to the effective date of the insurance, he shall not be considered to have been insured and no deduction will be made for insurance premiums. The record of insurance may be found in an old GSUP-PA Form 6, or in a form accomplished by the Insurance Division, RIF, or by the Administrative Section, PA Branch, this Division, attached to the claim.

b. Guerrilla or Emergency Currency - There were soldiers who received payment in the form of emergency currency or guerrilla notes. The total amount received as shown by evidence will be deducted from arrears in pay if the soldier is carried in a casualty status during the entire period when the amount was received. If he is determined to be in a "No Casualty Status" during the whole period when the currency or notes were received, such amount is not deductible. If only a part of the guerrilla service is determined as a casualty status, deduction will be made for that part received during the casualty period if this can be determined; otherwise the entire amount will be deducted. In case of variance in the amount received shown by evidence, the maximum amount will be entered.

c. Other indebtedness - Any other indebtedness of the soldier to the United States Government such as erroneous payment as a civilian or Philippine Scout, clothing, charges, etc. Erroneous payment as a Philippine Scout exists when a Philippine Army personnel was erroneously processed as a Philippine Scout and pay and allowances were received as a Philippine Scout until processed by the Philippine Army. Members of the "CAFPE" who returned to military control are given 3 months advance pay chargeable against arrears in pay. This amount is to be deducted under "other indebtedness" in GSUP-PA Form 6.

/s/ Duane R. Eason  
/s/ DUANE R. EESAM  
1st Lt AGD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

226

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AAFD 55-71

(Revised effective 29 July 1967)

Pfc DOWNERS  
PHILIPPINES - HYUKUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

420 707

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )

No. 23-D )

TERMINATION OF CASUALTY STATUS AND ENTITLEMENT TO PAY

1. Casualty Status - Termination of Casualty Status under the Missing Persons Act indicated in par 3, GSEU-21 Form 6 shall be determined as follows:

a. Where proof of death is available:

(1) In cases where the individual died after returning to military control, casualty status shall terminate on day prior to the date of return to military control. (Refer to par 2, DCS USAFFE #16-D).

(2) In cases where the individual died while in a No Casualty Status, casualty status shall terminate on date of death.

(3) In cases where the individual died prior to 23 Oct 44, while in a pay status, casualty status shall terminate on:

(a) The date next of kin had personal knowledge or official notice of death, or 23 Oct 44, whichever is earlier, where proof of death is conclusive.

(b) On 23 Oct 44 where proof of death is only reasonably conclusive.

(4) In cases where the individual died on or after 23 Oct 44, casualty status shall terminate on the date of death, regardless of the type of proof of death.

b. Where proof of death is not available.

(1) In Findings of Death cases, casualty status shall terminate on the date of presumed death. (Refer to DCS USAFFE 2890 #9-D.)

2. Entitlement to pay-(Entry in Par 1 of 9, GSEU-21 Form 6) Pay and allowances will accrue up to and including the date of termination of casualty status as determined in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, Provided that where the casualty status terminated after 1 Jul 46, pay and allowances will accrue only up to 1 Jul 46.

/s/ Duane R. Egan  
DUANE R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGC  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
7A Branch

238

DECLASSIFIED

Authority: E.O. 13526

(No-Numbered)

RELIQUARIES  
PHILIPPINES - BUREAU COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION

LPO 707

DCS USAP'S MEMORANDUM }  
No. 24-D }

DETERMINATION OF DATE WHEN EVIDENCE  
DOES NOT SPECIFY EXACT DATE

1. When evidence does not show exact date of death, of joining a guerrilla unit, etc, as illustrated by the list of column 1 below, the Inter-  
sined dates in column 2, shall, in each or similar cases, be used as guide  
in the determination of arbitrary dates.

A. <u>Dates According to Evidence</u>	B. <u>Determined Dates</u>
(1) In 1942	(1) 31 Dec 42
(2) On or about the beginning of 1942	(2) 1 Jan 42
(3) One or about the middle of 1942	(3) 30 Jun 42
(4) On or about the end of 1942	(4) 31 Dec 42
(5) In November 1942	(5) 30 Nov 42
(6) On or about the beginning of November 1942	(6) 1 Nov 42
(7) On or about the middle of November 1942	(7) 15 Nov 42
(8) On or about the end of November 1942	(8) 30 Nov 42
(9) On or about the first week of November 1942	(9) 7 Nov 42
(10) On or about the last week of November 1942	(10) 30 Nov 42

/s/ Damon P. Tamm  
/s/ DUANE H. SSSAY  
1st Lt AGD  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
7A Branch

24-D

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority AMDSR 3071

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES-MYUNKUS COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIMS SECTION, PA BRANCH

AFPO 707  
30 July 1947

DCS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 25-D )

PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF DEATH AND OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION OF  
DEATH TO NEXT OF KIN

1. When the individual died prior to 23 Oct 44 and proof of death is conclusive as defined in par 1 a, DCS USAFFE MEMO No. 7-D, casualty status and entitlement to pay under the Missing Persons Act shall terminate on the date the next of kin had personal knowledge or received official notice of death, or on 23 Oct 44, whichever is earlier.

2. The next of kin shall be considered to have personal knowledge of death there he was present at the time of actual death, saw the body, attended the funeral, or otherwise had direct knowledge of the fact that the individual had died.

3. The date when notice of death, like Death Certificates, Casualty Reports, Official Letter of Condolence, etc., was actually received by the nearest of kin will be considered the date of notification. Normally, this date will be determined from information given by the next of kin in Form 9 or Form 3a. However, the adjudicator is authorized to make a different determination from that given by the next of kin when warranted by evidence on file.

4. Notification of death by an army officer may be considered official, whether oral or in writing, provided that it originates from an officer who had an official position in the deceased's organization, and was his regular officer, such as Platoon Leader, Company Commander, Battalion Commander, Regimental Commander, and members of their staffs. Exceptions to this rule would be Medical Officers, Chaplains, and ranking officers in an official military position to know the facts.

5. Where the date of notification is not furnished by the next of kin or is not otherwise shown by evidence, the following presumptions will be followed:

(a) If notice of death was issued at the request of the next of kin, the date of issuance thereof will be presumed as the date it was received.

(b) If notice of death was issued to other than the next of kin, the date that Form 9 or Form 3a, was sworn to will be presumed as the date of notification, provided that the notice of death was issued at an earlier date.

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIAID 882075

DGS USAFFE MEMO No. 25-D, Cont'd -

(c) If notice of death was issued to other than the next of kin and the date of issuance thereof was later than the date Form 9 or Form 3 was sworn to, the next of kin will be considered not to have been officially notified of death.

(d) A widow who remarried will be determined to have official notice or personal knowledge of death on the day immediately preceding the date of marriage.

6. Where a claimant admits having received notice of death from the Philippine Executive Commission (Malacanan), but said notice of death is not on file, nor can the date of notification be ascertained in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a determination will be made that notice of death was received on 13 Oct 43, the last date when the Philippine Executive Commission issued such death notices.

Revised effective 30 Jul 47

/s/ Dennis R. Egan  
/s/ DENIS R. EGAN  
1st Lt AGC  
Ex O for Deceased Claims Affairs  
PA Branch

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AIA/D 55307J

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES-MARIKINA COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIMS SECTION, PA BRANCH  
APO 707

5 August 1947

ICS USAFFE MEMORANDUM )  
No. 26-C )

ROUTING OF DECEASED USAFFE CASES

1. In the adjudication of deceased USAFFE cases, the unit of those claiming USAFFE status will be checked against attached tables of data on PA Units inducted into the USAFFE and United States Army Units prior to the surrender. Exception will be cases where USAFFE status is established by any of the proofs outlined in par 1b, ICS USAFFE MEMO #5-C. In those cases where the organization is unknown, or where the organization was a unit of the United States Army, a check will be made with Project #19 Branch, for possible US or United States Army status.

2. In cases where USAFFE status is established by any of the proofs outlined in par 1 b & c, ICS USAFFE MEMO #5-C, and the organization in which the deceased served is not listed on the attached tables, the case will be passed over in adjudication, and the notation "Not USAFFE" will be placed beside the individual's name on the prepared alphabetical list of USAFFE cases. Cases of this type will be treated as purely civilian-guerrilla claims and will be adjudicated in accordance with the regulations applicable to his guerrilla unit, if he has any guerrilla status.

/s/ James B. Eason  
/s/ JAMES B. EASON  
1st Lt. MG  
Ex Of Deceased Claims Affairs,  
PA Branch

26-C

DECLASSIFIED

Authority: AIA 528075

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINES - RETURN CORPS  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIR SECTION, PA BRANCH

ARO 707  
1 November 1947

DCS USA/PC (P) (OR) (AM) }  
NO. 27-0 }

FORFEITURE ADJUDGED BY GENERAL COURTS MARTIAL

1. Where there is evidence on file of a final sentence by General Court Martial specifically forfeiting arrears in pay, the case shall be adjudicated in accordance with current policies, but the following entries on GSRP Pa-Form 6 shall be made:

a. where the sentence involves partial forfeiture, the amount forfeited shall be entered in an additional paragraph to be numbered per 1 f (ii) as follows:

(ii).

(Amount of Pay and Allowance for pay period covered) has been forfeited per attached copy of final sentence by General Court Martial appointed by authority of \_\_\_\_\_ (appointing authority).

b. When the sentence involves total forfeiture, par 2 shall be changed to read as follows:

"2. The amount due the estate of the deceased has been forfeited per attached copy of final sentence by General Court Martial appointed by authority of \_\_\_\_\_ (appointing authority)."

2. Forfeiture of pay and allowances "due or to become due" imposed by General Courts Martial appointed by recognized guerrilla leaders prior to the liberation, shall be treated as partial forfeiture of arrears in pay (Refer to par 1a, above).

/s/ Danno R. Resnan  
/s/ D'ARBE R. USGAY  
1st Lt AGD  
DC O, DCS, PA Br

25

HEADQUARTERS  
PHILIPPINE - HAWAII COMMAND  
RECOVERED PERSONNEL DIVISION  
DECEASED CLAIMS SECTION, 7A BRANCH  
APO 709

DCS USAPPE MEMO )  
No. 29-D )

4 May 1948

Proof of USAPPE Status

1. In the adjudication of cases filed with this Division on or prior to 29 Feb 48, the following types of proof may be considered sufficient to establish service in the USAPPE aside from those contained in DCS USAPPE Memo #5-D, provided that the unit in which service is claimed, if known, is a legitimate USAPPE unit:

a. An affidavit of a bona fide returnee indicating that the individual was in the military service of the USAPPE prior to 7 May 42.

b. Affidavits of commonwealth officials stating that an individual was called to active duty and so reported for duty prior to 7 May 42, when based on existing records; or affidavits of commonwealth officials who were incumbents in 1941-42 that an individual was called to or volunteered for active service and so reported for duty prior to 7 May 42, provided that either of the following conditions are true:

- (1) That the claim was filed in RPD prior to the suspension in April 1946, and the deceased was of such age that he could have been a reservist.
- (2) That the individual was a reservist.

c. WW records or death certificates issued by the Casualty Division, HMF, concerning individuals who died or were concentrated at Camp O'Donnell, Ceres, Tarlac, even when such records or certificates do not show grade or USN. In such cases, a determination of a grade of WW will be made. When the grade shown is Driver, Civilian Driver or Civilian, the case may be determined positive for USAPPE status if there is credible evidence on file showing that the individual was a driver or mechanic transferred by the USAPPE, or was a member of the Philippine Army or Philippine Constabulary. Such records or certificates will be accepted only if verified correct from the Ceres WW and Death Posters on file in this division.

2. In cases where the evidence does not meet the technical requirements of the foregoing paragraphs but where it is highly probable from the circumstances of the case that the claim is meritorious, the case may be determined positive for USAPPE status, provided that a memo for record in support of the determination and a certificate (See attached sample) signed by a reviewer and a final reviewer who are commissioned officers and former members of the USAPPE are made part of the 201 file.

CHARLES R. FESLEY  
1st Lt. AGD  
Sr O for DCI, 7A Br



DECLASSIFIED  
Authority: AFD 88-074

DECLASSIFIED  
Authority NAID 853078